CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

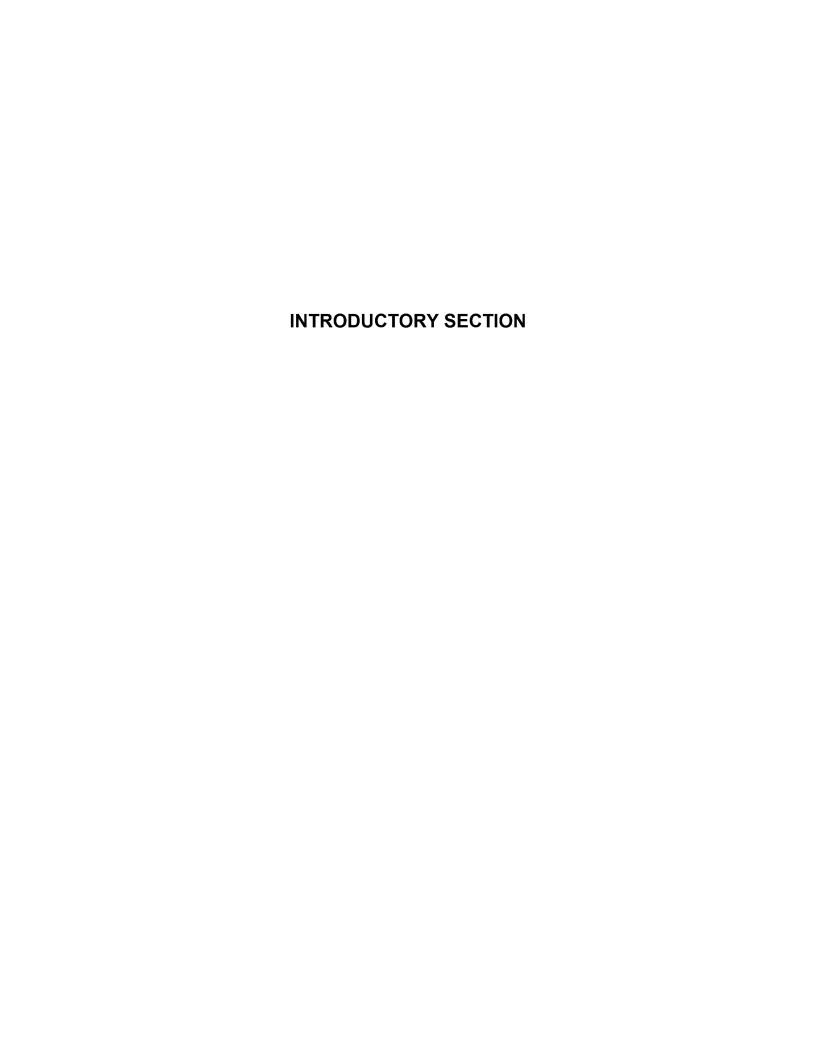
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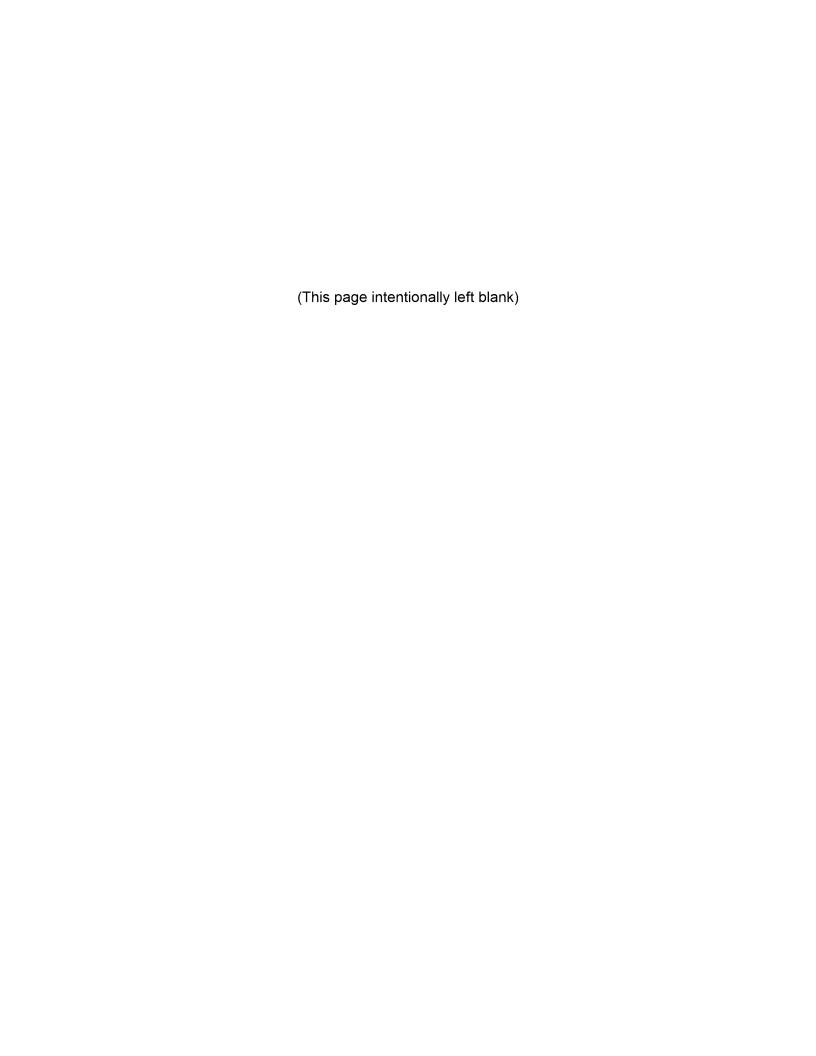
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

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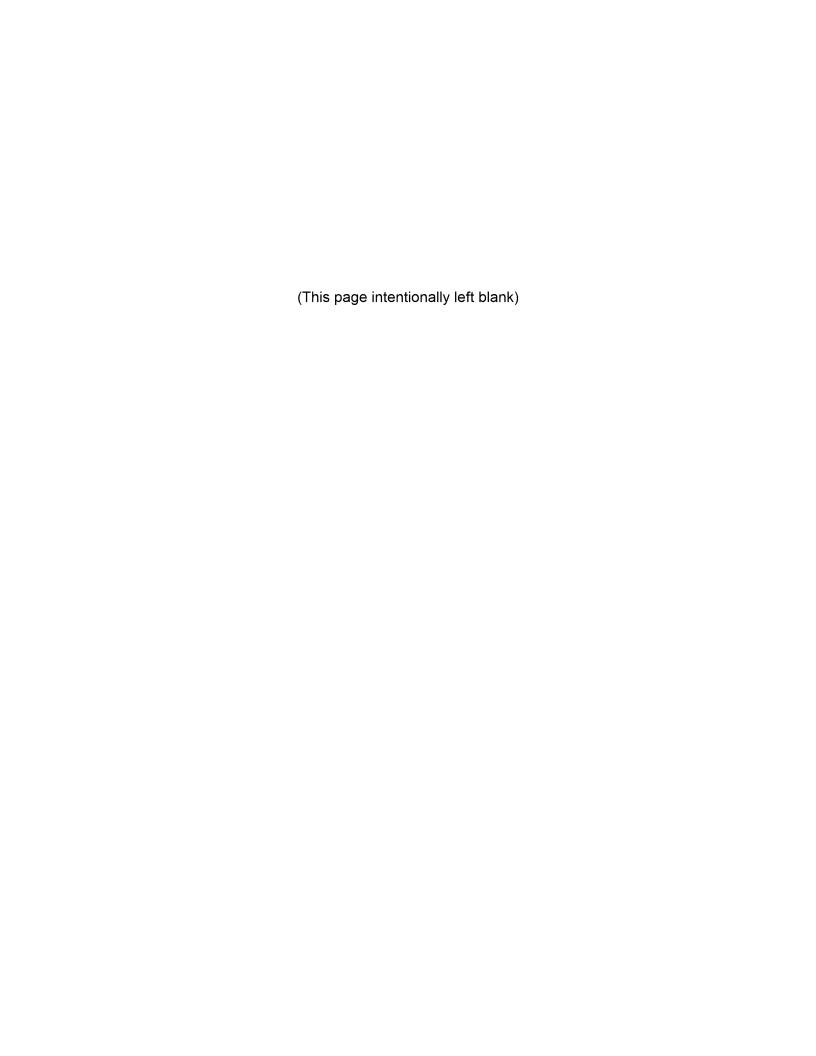


CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA OFFICIAL DIRECTORY DECEMBER 31, 2014

Elected Officials		Term Expires
Mayor	Corey Maricle	December 31, 2016
Council Member	Brian Cooley	December 31, 2016
Council Member	JoAnn Ray	December 31, 2016
Council Member	Dominic Jones	December 31, 2018
Council Member	Kelsey Fossing	December 31, 2014
Council Member	Brad Powers	December 31, 2014











INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Windom Windom, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Windom (the City), Minnesota as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion

Unmodified **Governmental Activities** Business-Type Activities Qualified General Fund Unmodified **Economic Development Fund** Unmodified Electric Fund Unmodified Water Fund Unmodified Liquor Fund Unmodified Sewer Fund Unmodified Telecom Fund Unmodified Windom Area Hospital Fund Adverse Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Unmodified

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Windom Area Hospital Fund and Qualified Opinion on Business-Type Activities

Management has not included the Windom Area Hospital Fund in the City's financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Windom Area Hospital Fund to be presented as a major enterprise fund and financial information about the Windom Area Hospital Fund to be part of the business-type activities, thus increasing that activity's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, and changing its net position. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, fund balances, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the business-type activities and the omitted major fund has not been determined.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Windom Area Hospital Fund and Qualified Opinion on Business-Type Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the Windom Area Hospital Fund of the City of Windom, as of December 31, 2014, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Windom Area Hospital Fund and Qualified Opinion on Business-Type Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the City of Windom, as of December 31, 2014, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund other than the Windom Area Hospital Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Windom as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, and budgetary comparison for the General Fund, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Windom's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 24, 2015, on our consideration of the City of Windom's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Windom's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

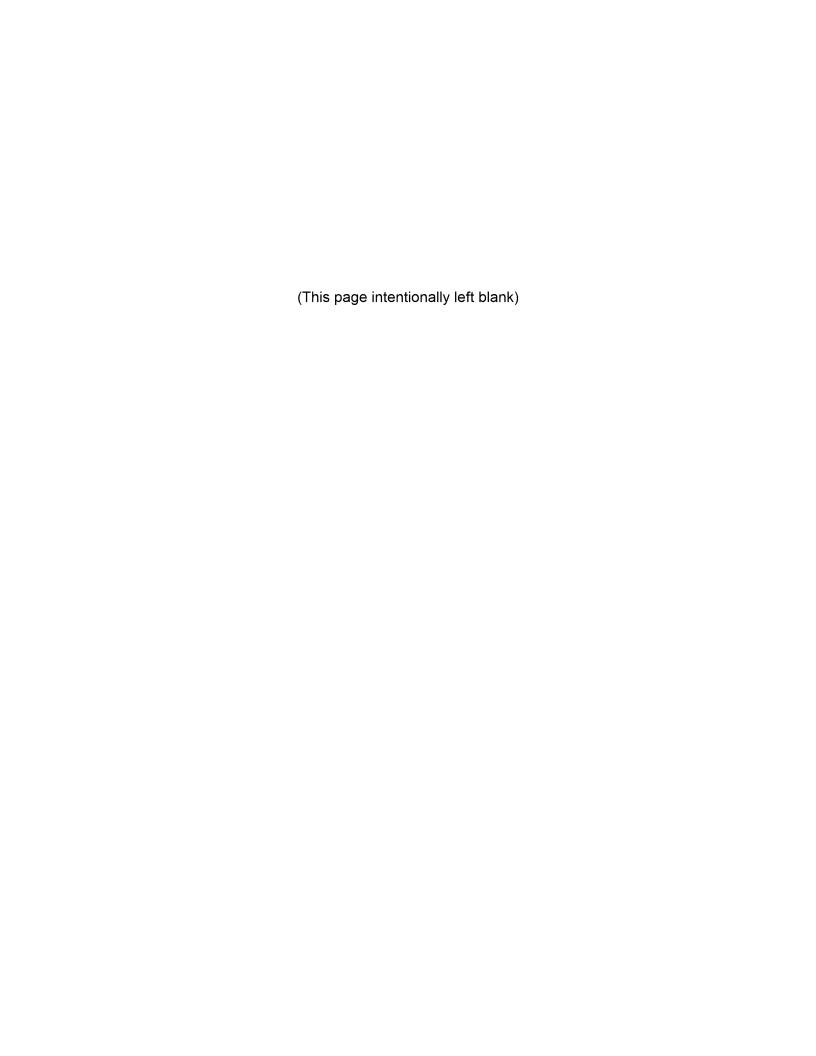
Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Windom, Minnesota

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Austin, Minnesota April 24, 2015





As management of the City of Windom (the City), Minnesota, we offer readers of the City of Windom's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Windom for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Windom exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29,269,573 (net position). The unrestricted portion of net position, the portion used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, is \$12,573,501.
- The City's total net position increased by \$1,156,603 from 2013.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Windom's governmental funds reported a
 combined ending fund balance of \$7,332,406, an increase of \$369,768 in comparison with the
 prior year. The overall unassigned fund balance is \$2,110,162.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,417,053, or 79% of total 2014 general fund expenditures. City policy is to maintain a fund balance of at least 75%.
- The City of Windom's total long-term debt decreased by \$1,380,422 or 5.1% during the current fiscal period.
- In June 2014 the NWIP received the designation of MN Shovel Ready Certification. Shovel-ready sites certify that the most time-consuming technical and regulatory aspects of development are already complete. The certification gives Windom a competitive edge by making our site more attractive to site-selection consultants and prospective companies looking for locations for business startups, expansions or relocations. The NWIP is 1 of 23 certified sites in Minnesota and the first such site in the 9-county Southwest MN Region.
- Installation of a Jet-A-Fuel system at the Windom Airport was completed using a grant from the Federal Aviation Administration, through the State of Minnesota Department of Transportation, Office of Aeronautics. The total project cost estimate was \$254,320. The federal portion of the grant received was \$228,976 and the state portion of the grant was 5% of the project cost for a total state grant of \$12,715. The local share for the project was 5% for a total cost of \$12,717.54. The project was completed in August and over 3,000 gallons of Jet-A fuel was sold in 2014 after completion.
- Prior electric investment in a transmission project through a partnership with CMMPA have been completed and accepted by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The 2014 returns on this project were released January 2015. Monthly distributions from this project will continue to return funds to the electric utility

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Windom's basic financial statements. The City of Windom's basic financial statements consist of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Windom's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Windom's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Windom is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned and unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Windom that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Windom include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City of Windom include an electric, water, and sewer utility, municipal liquor store, telecom operation, arena facility, multi-purpose center, and River Bluff townhomes.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Windom, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Windom can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a city's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the city's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental functions* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Windom maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, economic development fund, and capital project fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-27 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Windom maintains eight proprietary fund types. *Proprietary Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Windom uses proprietary funds to account for its water, sewer and electric utilities, liquor store operation, telecom operation, arena operation, multi-purpose center operation, and River Bluff Townhomes.

The proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer and electric utilities, municipal liquor store, and telecom operation which are considered to be major funds of the City of Windom. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-35 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 37-63 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in conjunction with nonmajor governmental and proprietary funds are presented immediately following the financial statement footnotes. Combining and individual fund statements can be found on pages 64-70.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a city's financial position. In the case of the City of Windom, total assets and deferred outflows in resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$29,269,573 at the close of the most recent fiscal year compared to \$28,112,970 at the end of 2013.

More than half of the City of Windom's net position (51%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Windom uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Windom's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

CITY OF WINDOM'S NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
ASSETS							
Current and Other Assets	\$ 8,782,177	\$ 8,826,143	\$ 10,162,198	\$ 9,636,256	\$ 18,944,375	\$ 18,462,399	
Capital Assets	15,863,955	15,933,048	22,355,306	23,346,804	38,219,261	39,279,852	
Total Assets	24,646,132	24,759,191	32,517,504	32,983,060	57,163,636	57,742,251	
LIABILITIES							
Noncurrent Liabilities Outstanding	6,899,341	7,598,125	17,672,951	18,685,228	24,572,292	26,283,353	
Other Liabilities	973,632	1,068,479	2,348,139	2,277,449	3,321,771	3,345,928	
Total Liabilities	7,872,973	8,666,604	20,021,090	20,962,677	27,894,063	29,629,281	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,416,740	10,233,282	4,649,458	4,887,627	15,066,198	15,120,909	
Restricted	1,629,874	1,831,659	· · ·	-	1,629,874	1,831,659	
Unrestricted	4,726,545	4,027,646	7,846,956	7,132,756	12,573,501	11,160,402	
Total Net Position	\$ 16,773,159	\$ 16,092,587	\$ 12,496,414	\$ 12,020,383	\$ 29,269,573	\$ 28,112,970	

The remaining balance of the City of Windom's net position is mostly unrestricted net position (43%) that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City of Windom's net position by \$680,572. The most significant change in governmental net position is due to the effect of accounting for net position under the full accrual basis. Under full accrual accounting, the property taxes collected in debt service funds were used to reduce debt obligations. These debt obligations were accrued as expenses in prior years. Also contributing to the net position increase was lower expenses than planned in several departments as well as unused capital spending dollars being used to fund reserve accounts.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City of Windom's net position by \$476,031. Electric, water and sewer utilities as well as the operation of the municipal liquor store all contributed to the increase in net position due to revenues exceeding expenses. Telecom expenses exceeded revenues by \$162,436 offsetting the increase resulting from other business-type activities.

City of Windom's Changes in Net Position

Condensed statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position highlights are as follows for the year ended December 31:

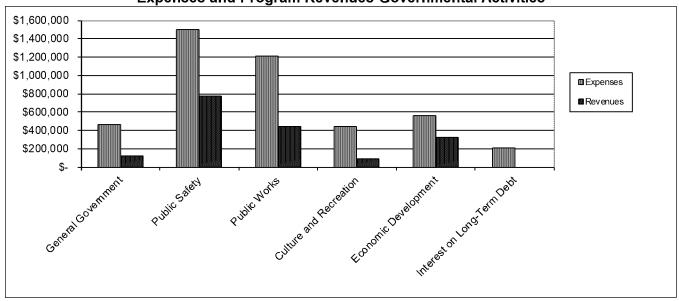
	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	s Business-Type Activities		ctivities	Total		
	2014		2013	2014		2013	2014	2013	
REVENUES									
Program Revenues:									
Fees, Charges, Fines and Other	\$ 1,110,870	\$	938,620	\$ 12,906,175	\$	12,715,778	\$ 14,017,045	\$ 13,654,398	
Operating Grants and Contributions	203,232		613,942	-		-	203,232	613,942	
Capital Grants and Contributions	445,457		1,672,793	60,508		410,126	505,965	2,082,919	
General Revenues:									
Property Taxes	1,335,474		1,242,447	414,990		419,095	1,750,464	1,661,542	
Tax Increments	160,621		268,298	_		-	160,621	268,298	
Other Taxes	25,952		22,387	-		-	25,952	22,387	
Grants and Contributions, Not Restricted	1,418,008		1,202,917	14,374		39,936	1,432,382	1,242,853	
Unrestricted Interest Income	25,445		13,505	53,028		18,874	78,473	32,379	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings (Loss)	(9,046)		(7,369)	(16,706)		(15,512)	(25,752)	(22,881)	
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	53,334		(35,774)	21,900		-	75,234	(35,774)	
Total Revenues	4,769,347		5,931,766	13,454,269		13,588,297	18,223,616	19,520,063	
EXPENSES									
General Government	463,253		734,298	-		-	463,253	734,298	
Public Safety	1,495,438		1,510,606	-		-	1,495,438	1,510,606	
Public Works	1,210,082		667,201	-		-	1,210,082	667,201	
Culture and Recreation	440,906		483,184	-		-	440,906	483,184	
Economic Development	557,399		639,543	-		-	557,399	639,543	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	204,595		234,342	-		-	204,595	234,342	
Electric	-		-	5,480,508		5,417,401	5,480,508	5,417,401	
Water	-		-	937,322		1,027,579	937,322	1,027,579	
Sewer	-		-	1,234,060		1,223,441	1,234,060	1,223,441	
Liquor Store	-		-	1,462,605		1,418,942	1,462,605	1,418,942	
Telecom	-		-	2,868,895		2,777,166	2,868,895	2,777,166	
Arena	-		-	311,397		340,352	311,397	340,352	
Multi-Purpose	-		-	314,912		300,228	314,912	300,228	
River Bluff Townhomes	-		-	85,641		82,187	85,641	82,187	
Total Expenses	4,371,673		4,269,174	12,695,340		12,587,296	17,067,013	16,856,470	
Increase in Net Position									
Before Transfers	397,674		1,662,592	758,929		1,001,001	1,156,603	2,663,593	
Transfers	 282,898		443,514	(282,898)		(443,514)		=	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	680,572		2,106,106	476,031		557,487	1,156,603	2,663,593	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 16,092,587		13,986,481	12,020,383		11,462,896	28,112,970	25,449,377	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 16,773,159	\$	16,092,587	\$ 12,496,414	\$	12,020,383	\$ 29,269,573	\$ 28,112,970	

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

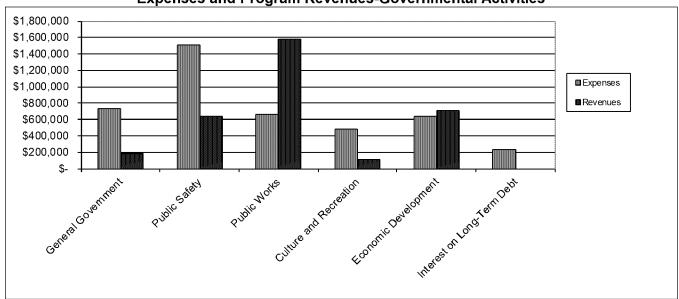
City of Windom's Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the governmental activities' direct program revenues with their expenditures. Any shortfalls in direct revenues are primarily supported by property tax levy or general state aid.

2014
Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities



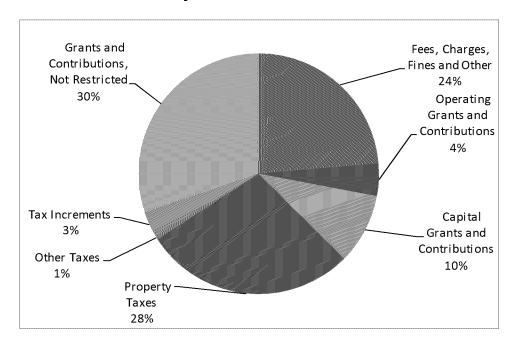
2013
Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities



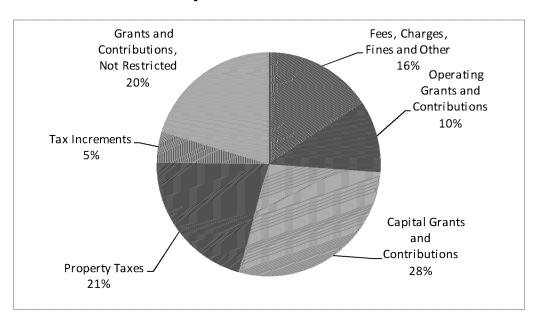
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

City of Windom's Changes in Net Position (Continued)

2014
Revenues by Source-Governmental Activities



2013
Revenues by Source-Governmental Activities

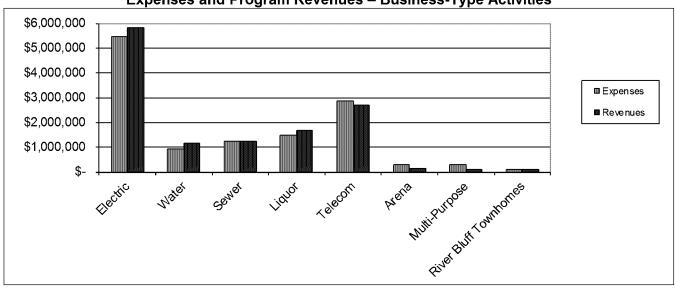


GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

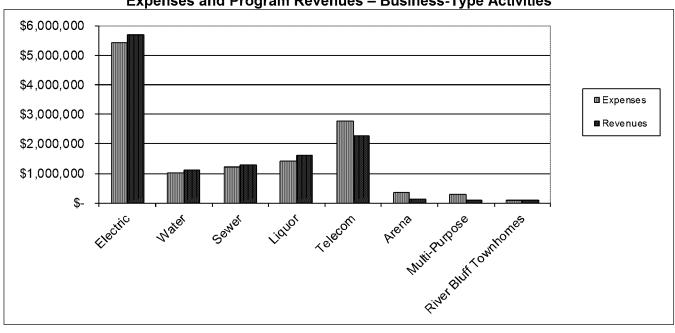
City of Windom's Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the business-type activities' direct program revenues with their expenditures. Excess revenues are retained within each fund until such time that capital replacement is needed.

2014
Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-Type Activities



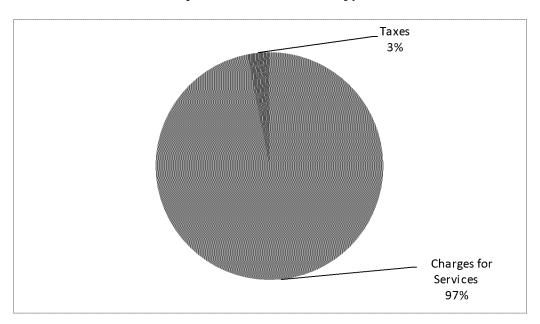
2013
Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-Type Activities



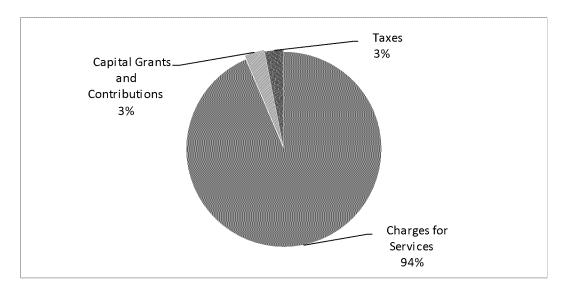
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

City of Windom's Changes in Net Position (Continued)

2014
Revenues by Source – Business-Type Activities



2013
Revenues by Source – Business-Type Activities



Note: Other income amounts for developer installed utilities and contributed capital from other funds are not included in revenues in the above charts.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Windom uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Windom's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Windom's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a city's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Windom's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,332,406 an increase of \$369,768 in comparison with 2013. The City reported an unassigned fund balance in the amount of \$2,110,162. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable or restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending. At December 31, 2014 fund balances were as follows:

	I	ncrease
	([Decrease)
Balance	F	rom 2013
\$ 2,830,678	\$	285,195
1,507,189		94,777
 2,994,539		(10,204)
\$ 7,332,406	\$	369,768
	\$ 2,830,678 1,507,189 2,994,539	Balance F \$ 2,830,678 \$ 1,507,189 2,994,539

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Windom. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,417,053.

During the current fiscal year, the City of Windom's general fund balance increased by \$285,195. The increase was a result of reallocated property tax dollars related to decertified TIF districts as well as lower than expected expenditures in Public Safety and Public Works.

Economic Development

The increase in the economic development fund balance was related to land sale proceeds in NWIP and Riverbluff Estates as well as the receipt of program income related to Small Cities Development Fund and grants received in the EDA Revolving Loan Fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Proprietary Funds

The City of Windom's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net position in the electric fund at the end of 2014 was \$9,848,984, of which \$6,228,996 is unrestricted. Net position increased \$188,795 during the current year primarily due to the continuation of the electric rate calculation used to grow the operational reserve fund for funding anticipated capital projects.

The water fund has total net position of \$3,348,153, of which \$688,261 is unrestricted. The increase in net position of \$235,394 was related to a 2014 rate increase to meet future debt service payments and increased Commercial Water revenue.

The sewer fund has total net position of \$4,863,030, of which \$825,677 is unrestricted. The increase in net position of \$30,541 was lower than expected due to increased maintenance expenditures and reduced usage by PM Windom.

The liquor fund has total net position of \$1,081,679. It has unrestricted net position of \$921,299. Net position increased by \$156,890 from 2013. Net position increase is consistent with prior years and includes an annual transfer to the General Fund (see Note 8).

The telecom fund reported a deficit net position of (\$8,044,058), a decrease from 2013 by \$162,436. Consistent with prior years, total expenses exceeded total revenues in this fund. Expenditures were higher than 2013 due to increased cable programming costs. At the same time, cable revenues decreased primarily due to reduced cable subscribers in 2014. The Telecom fund will be reviewing their service rates in 2015 to increase margin on services.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Revenues were over budget due mainly to reallocated property taxes from decertified TIF districts. Expenditures came in under budget in several departments which is mainly due to capital outlay being reserved for future replacements.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Windom's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2014, amounts to \$38,219,261 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, office equipment and furniture, and construction in progress. The total decrease in the City of Windom's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) was \$1,060,591 when compared to 2013. This is the result of annual depreciation expense exceeding capital additions in 2014. Detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

CITY OF WINDOM'S CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Land	\$ 232,961	\$ 227,061	\$ 248,424	\$ 169,920	\$ 481,385	\$ 396,981		
Buildings and Building Improvements	7,268,435	7,224,060	18,719,639	19,288,301	25,988,074	26,512,361		
Infrastructure	7,240,288	6,222,724	-	-	7,240,288	6,222,724		
Machinery and Equipment	1,047,425	808,709	3,248,097	3,716,169	4,295,522	4,524,878		
Office Equipment and Furniture	74,846	44,203	139,146	104,605	213,992	148,808		
Construction in Progress	-	1,406,291	-	67,810	-	1,474,101		
Total	\$ 15,863,955	\$ 15,933,048	\$ 22,355,306	\$ 23,346,805	\$ 38,219,261	\$ 39,279,853		

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Windom had total long-term debt outstanding of \$25,671,879. The City of Windom's total long-term debt decreased by \$1,380,422 or 5.1% during the current fiscal period. Detailed information about the City's debt and other long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

The City of Windom maintained an A+ rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt.

CITY OF WINDOM'S OUTSTANDING DEBT (General Obligation)

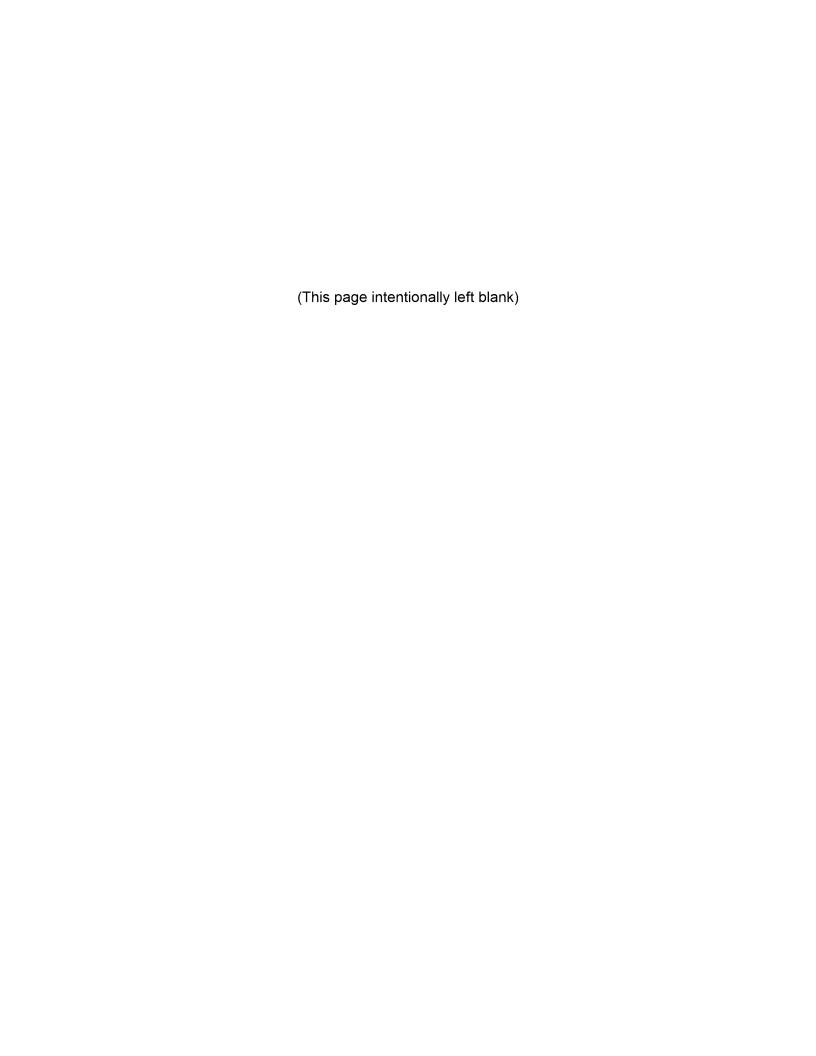
	Governmen	rnmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013
G.O. Bonds	\$ 6,801,000	\$	7,205,291	\$	2,759,000	\$	2,873,000	\$	9,560,000	\$	10,078,291
Revenue Bonds	-		-		14,572,400		15,545,774		14,572,400		15,545,774
Notes Payab;e	 464,503		538,364		1,074,976		889,872		1,539,479		1,428,236
Total	\$ 7,265,503	\$	7,743,655	\$	18,406,376	\$	19,308,646	\$	25,671,879	\$	27,052,301

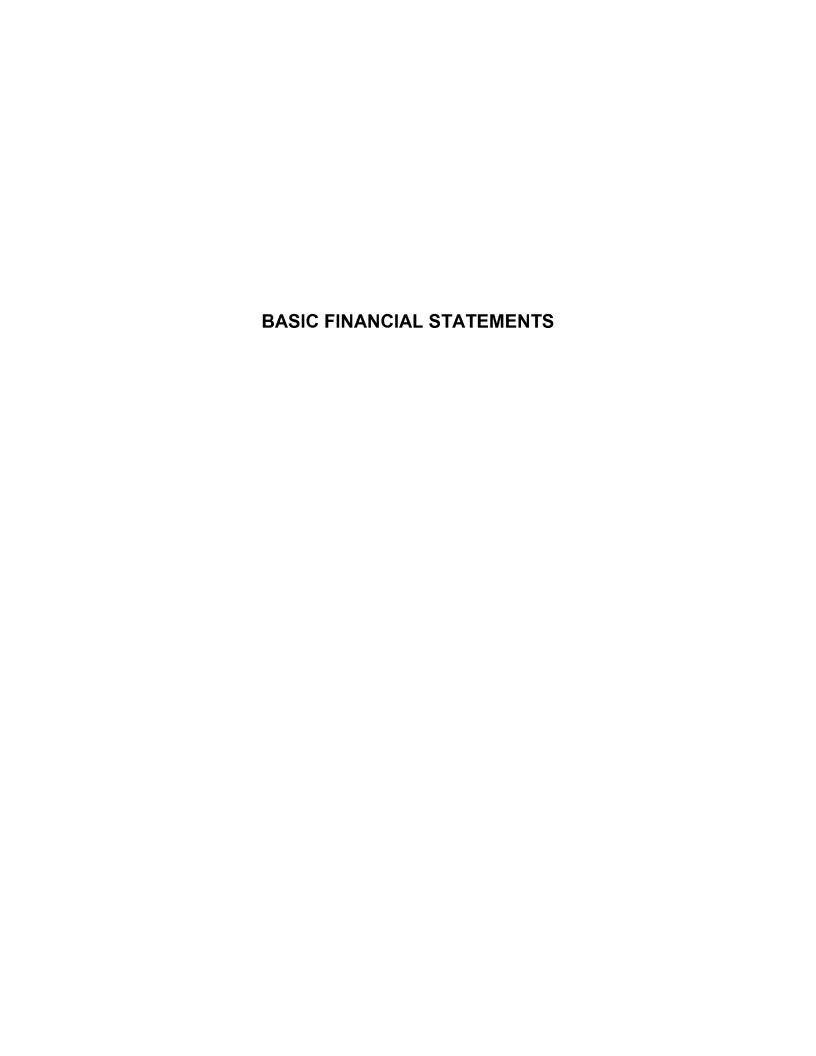
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

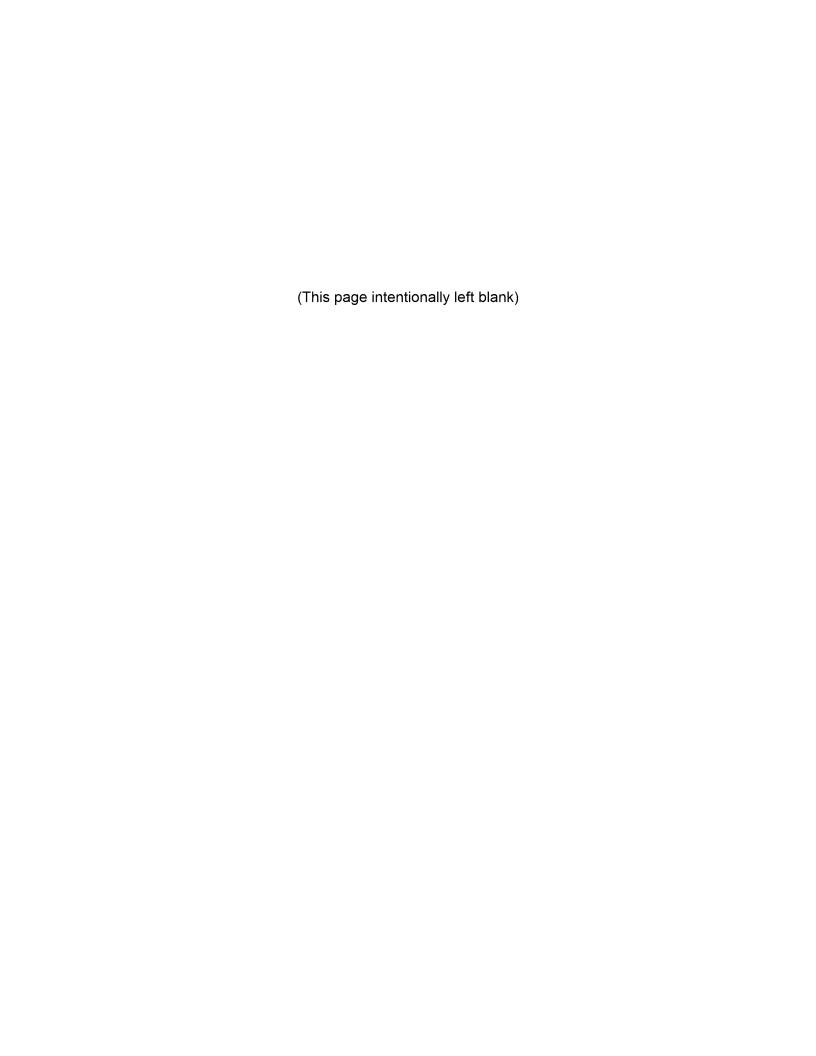
- Increased programming expenses in the telecom fund resulted in reduced income in 2014.
 Continued increases in programming are expected and will result in a significant rate increases in Telecommunication services provided by the City.
- The electric utility plans to complete a retail electric rate study in 2015 sponsored by CMMPA.
 The study will evaluate the costs of serving each customer class and propose rates for all
 classes. This study will also compare Windom's rates to other utilities and provide
 benchmarking information in several areas such as cash reserves, transfers, line loss and rate
 design.
- The City of Windom continues to market developed lots in the NWIP and is also pursuing funding for NWIP Phase II project.
- Interest rates have remained low and the City's investment earnings have decreased accordingly.
- During 2014 the EDA contracted the completion of a hotel feasibility study for the City of Windom. The EDA continues to work with a prospective developer and local investors on a potential project.
- The EDA partnered with HRA and Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to complete 2014 Windom Housing Study. The study is a needed first step to identify and quantify demand and is often requested by potential developers before undertaking a project. The EDA has provided the report to several potential housing developers and has maintained contact with the potential developers through the present time.
- The City of Windom continues to research possible facility construction projects including an Arena, Emergency Services Facility, or Pool as well as funding sources for these projects.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Windom's finances for all of those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Administrator, City of Windom, 444 9th Street, P.O. Box 38, Windom, Minnesota, 56101.







CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

		2014				
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Total			
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,328,352	\$ 7,072,239	\$ 12,400,591			
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	591,819	248,645	840,464			
Restricted Cash and Investments	<u>-</u>	405,863	405,863			
Taxes Receivable	34,467	-	34,467			
Special Assessments Receivable	1,211,628	284,381	1,496,009			
Accounts Receivable	253,465	1,380,859	1,634,324			
Due from Other Governments	69,769	-	69,769			
Internal Balances	(21,708)	21,708	-			
Inventory	47,956	748,503	796,459			
Prepaid Items	190,571	-	190,571			
Loans Receivable	27,482	-	27,482			
Land Held for Resale	1,048,376	-	1,048,376			
Capital Assets:						
Land and Construction in Progress	232,961	248,424	481,385			
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	15,630,994	22,106,882	37,737,876			
Total Assets	24,646,132	32,517,504	57,163,636			
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and Contracts Payable	49,749	620,495	670,244			
Other Accrued Liabilities	180,496	159,084	339,580			
Accrued Interest Payable	75,703	69,639	145,342			
Unearned Revenue	250	273,227	273,477			
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due within One Year	667,434	1,225,694	1,893,128			
Due in More than One Year	6,899,341	17,672,951	24,572,292			
Total Liabilities	7,872,973	20,021,090	27,894,063			
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,416,740	4,649,458	15,066,198			
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	1,629,874	-	1,629,874			
Unrestricted	4,726,545	7,846,956	12,573,501			
Total Net Position	\$ 16,773,159	\$ 12,496,414	\$ 29,269,573			

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

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	Program Revenues							
	Fees, Charges, nctions/Programs Expenses Fines and Other		, ,		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Functions/Programs			es and Other					
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	463,253	\$	85,532	\$	8,096	\$	27,486
Public Safety		1,495,438		638,803		135,392		-
Public Works		1,210,082		116,989		17,035		308,603
Culture and Recreation		440,906		81,192		11,489		, <u>-</u>
Economic Development		557,399		188,354		31,220		109,368
Interest on Long-Term Debt		204,595		-		· -		_
Total Governmental Activities		4,371,673		1,110,870		203,232		445,457
Business-Type Activities:								
Electric		5,480,508		5,814,821		-		_
Water		937,322		1,145,677		-		33,219
Sewer		1,234,060		1,244,950		-		27,289
Liquor		1,462,605		1,686,879		-		-
Telecom		2,868,895		2,704,717		-		-
Arena		311,397		139,776		-		-
Multi-Purpose Center		314,912		82,566		-		-
River Bluff Townhomes		85,641		86,789		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities		12,695,340		12,906,175		-		60,508
Total	\$	17,067,013	\$	14,017,045	\$	203,232	\$	505,965

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purpose

Tax Increments

Other Taxes

Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Interest Income

Unrestricted Investment Earnings (Loss)

Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

Gain on Sale of Land Held for Resale

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

2014

2014							
Net (Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Governr	Governmental Business-Type						
Activi	ties	Activities			Total		
\$ (342,139)	\$	_		\$	(342,139)	
,	721,243)	Ψ			Ψ	(721,243)	
•	767,455)		_			(767,455)	
	348,225)		-			(348,225)	
,			-				
	228,457)		-			(228,457)	
	204,595)					(204,595)	
(2,	612,114)		-			(2,612,114)	
	-		334,313			334,313	
	-		241,574			241,574	
	-		38,179			38,179	
	_		224,274			224,274	
	_		(164,178)		(164,178)	
	_		(171,621	,		(171,621)	
	_		(232,346			(232,346)	
	_		1,148			1,148	
	-		271,343			271,343	
(2,	612,114)		271,343			(2,340,771)	
1,	335,474		414,990			1,750,464	
	160,621		-			160,621	
	25,952		-			25,952	
1,	418,008		14,374			1,432,382	
	25,445		53,028			78,473	
	(9,046)		(16,706)		(25,752)	
	-		21,900			21,900	
	53,334		-			53,334	
	282,898		(282,898)			
3,	292,686		204,688	_		3,497,374	
	680,572		476,031			1,156,603	
16,	092,587		12,020,383			28,112,970	
\$ 16,	773,159	\$	12,496,414	= =	\$	29,269,573	

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2014

ASSETS		General Fund		Economic evelopment Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
	•	0.004.000	•	400.000	•	0.747.000	Φ.	5 204 504
Cash and Investments	\$	2,094,336	\$	462,902	\$	2,747,283	\$	5,304,521
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent		-		-		591,819		591,819
Property Taxes Receivable		34,467		-				34,467
Special Assessments Receivable:		-		55,016		1,156,612		1,211,628
Accounts Receivable		99,486		5,908		217,840		323,234
Due from Other Funds		453,684		-		-		453,684
Inventory		47,956		-		-		47,956
Prepaid Expenses		190,571		-		-		190,571
Loans Receivable, Net of Allowance		-		27,482		-		27,482
Land Held for Resale		<u>-</u>		1,048,376				1,048,376
Total Assets	\$	2,920,500	\$	1,599,684	\$	4,713,554	\$	9,233,738
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$	31,950	\$	12,858	\$	10,088	\$	54,896
Other Accrued Liabilities		37,113		2,913		111,492		151,518
Due to Other Funds		-		· -		453,684		453,684
Interfund Advance Payable		-		21,708		, <u> </u>		21,708
Unearned Revenue		250		-		_		250
Total Liabilities		69,313		37,479		575,264		682,056
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue		20,509		55,016		1,143,751		1,219,276
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		20,509		55,016		1,143,751		1,219,276
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		000 507						000 507
Nonspendable		238,527		-		4 500 040		238,527
Restricted		70,597		431,331		1,588,646		2,090,574
Assigned		104,501		1,075,858		1,712,784		2,893,143
Unassigned		2,417,053		4 507 400		(306,891)		2,110,162
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		2,830,678		1,507,189		2,994,539		7,332,406
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,920,500	\$	1,599,684	\$	4,713,554	\$	9,233,738

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2014

	2014
Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds	\$ 7,332,406
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:	
Land	232,961
Buildings and Improvements	9,070,944
Machinery & Equipment	7,107,637
Infrastructure	15,306,244
Office Equipment and Furniture	95,918
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(15,949,749)
Some of the City's property taxes, special assessments, and other receivables will be collected after year- end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.	1,219,276
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. Accrued interest for general obligation bonds is included in the statement of net position.	(75,703)
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:	
Bonds Payable	(6,801,000)
Unamortized Discounts and Premium	(74,955)
Note Payable	(464,503)
Compensated Absences Payable	(226,317)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 16,773,159

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

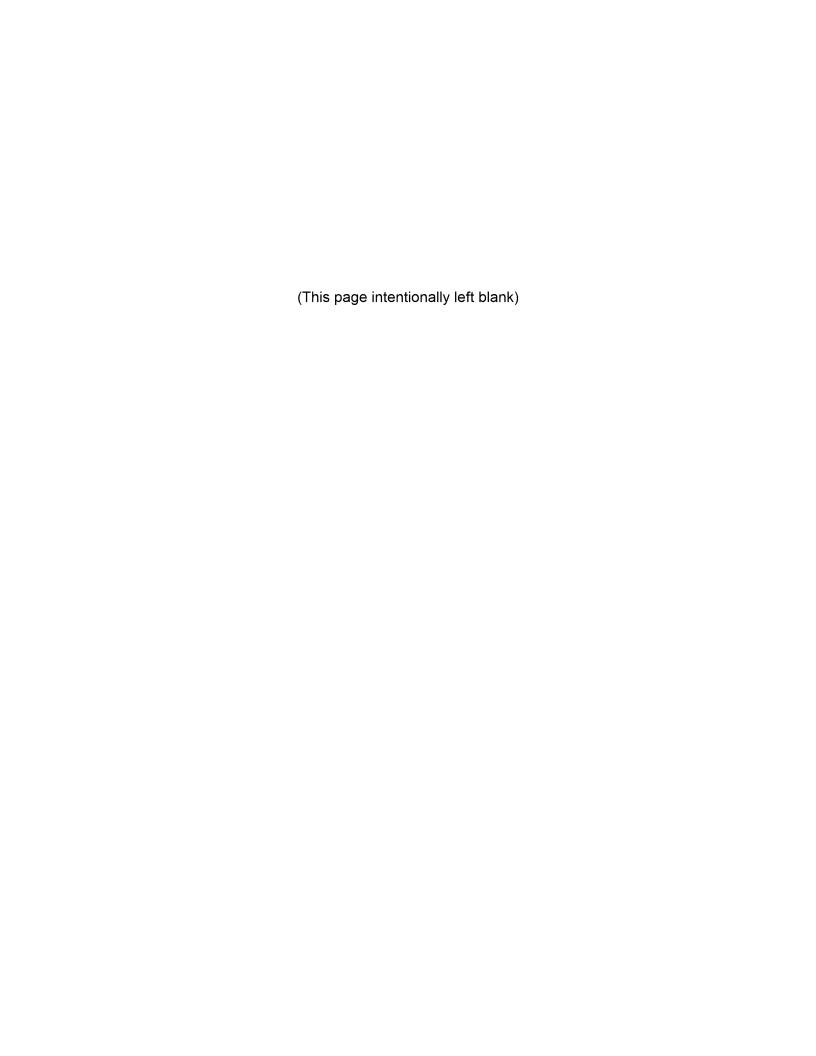
	Economic General Development Fund Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES							
General Property Taxes	\$ 816,079	\$	171,329	\$	342,240	\$	1,329,648
Tax Increments	-		160,621		=		160,621
Other Taxes	25,952		-		-		25,952
Licenses and Permits	78,961		-		-		78,961
Intergovernmental	1,830,033		38,663		257,789		2,126,485
Special Assessments	301		24,974		-		25,275
Charges for Services	247,684		384		513,278		761,346
Fines and Forfeits	29,884		-		_		29,884
Interest Income	13,056		1,544		10,845		25,445
Investment Earnings (Loss)	(5,524)		(142)		(3,380)		(9,046)
Refunds and Reimbursements	49,385		-		` -		49,385
Grants and Contributions	20,075		21,935		23,235		65,245
Miscellaneous	4,699		187,970		-		192,669
Total Revenues	 3,110,585		607,278		1,144,007		4,861,870
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	380,755		-		_		380,755
Public Safety	1,082,118		_		315,243		1,397,361
Public Works	664,770		_		54,792		719,562
Sanitation	14,450		-		´ <u>-</u>		14,450
Culture and Recreation	458,370		_		_		458,370
Economic Development	, -		462,802		_		462,802
Capital Outlay:			ŕ				,
General Government	22,185		-		-		22,185
Public Safety	74,734		-		271,593		346,327
Public Works	301,793		-		2,902		304,695
Culture and Recreation	16,627		-		-		16,627
Economic Development	_		17,519		_		17,519
Debt Service:			,				,
Principal	49,956		_		404,291		454,247
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,632		44,509		184,293		233,434
Total Expenditures	3,070,390		524,830		1,233,114		4,828,334
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	 40,195		82,448		(89,107)		33,536
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfer In	245,000		_		68,903		313,903
Transfer Out	2-0,000		(31,005)		-		(31,005)
Sale of Land Held for Resale	-		43,334		10,000		53,334
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 245,000		12,329		78,903		336,232
Net Change in Fund Balance	285,195		94,777		(10,204)		369,768
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	 2,545,483		1,412,412		3,004,743		6,962,638
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,830,678	\$	1,507,189	\$	2,994,539	\$	7,332,406

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Repayment of Bond Principal and Note Payable Change in Accrued Interest Expense for General Obligation Bonds Amortization of Bond Discount/Premium Change in delinquent and deferred property taxes, special assessments receivable, and other receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. (145,857) In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actu		 2014
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Repayment of Bond Principal and Note Payable Change in Accrued Interest Expense for General Obligation Bonds Amortization of Bond Discount/Premium 5,085 Change in delinquent and deferred property taxes, special assessments receivable, and other receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. (145,857) In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$ 369,768
activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays Capital Capital Outlays Capital Capital Outlays Capital Capital Outlays Capital C	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Repayment of Bond Principal and Note Payable Change in Accrued Interest Expense for General Obligation Bonds Amortization of Bond Discount/Premium 5,085 Change in delinquent and deferred property taxes, special assessments receivable, and other receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. (145,857) In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). 26,268	activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded	
principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows: Repayment of Bond Principal and Note Payable Change in Accrued Interest Expense for General Obligation Bonds Amortization of Bond Discount/Premium 5,085 Change in delinquent and deferred property taxes, special assessments receivable, and other receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. (145,857) In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). 26,268		
Change in Accrued Interest Expense for General Obligation Bonds Amortization of Bond Discount/Premium 5,085 Change in delinquent and deferred property taxes, special assessments receivable, and other receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. (145,857) In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). 26,268	principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general	
receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. (145,857) In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). 26,268	Change in Accrued Interest Expense for General Obligation Bonds	16,249
during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). 26,268	receivables will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for	(145,857)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 680,572	during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured	 26,268
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 680,572

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
REVENUES				
General Property Taxes	\$ 742,423	\$ 742,423	\$ 816,079	\$ 73,656
Other Taxes	19,500	19,500	25,952	6,452
Licenses and Permits	45,820	45,820	78,961	33,141
Intergovernmental	1,562,408	1,812,408	1,830,033	17,625
Special Assessments	200	200	301	101
Charges for Services	250,900	250,900	247,684	(3,216)
Fines and Forfeits	26,500	26,500	29,884	3,384
Investment Earnings	410	410	7,532	7,122
Refunds/Reimbursements	37,000	37,000	49,385	12,385
Grants and Contributions	2,000	2,000	20,075	18,075
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	4,699	(301)
Total Revenues	2,692,161	2,942,161	3,110,585	168,424
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Mayor and Council:	97,440	97,440	96,448	992
Financial Administration	194,946	194,946	163,451	31,495
Elections	6,800	6,800	5,041	1,759
Building & Zoning	135,420	135,420	130,262	5,158
City Hall	34,020	34,020	35,511	(1,491)
Total General Government	468,626	468,626	430,713	37,913
Public Safety:				
Police Protection:	944,440	944,440	921,513	22,927
Fire Protection	137,915	137,915	153,438	(15,523)
Civil Defense	5,925	5,925	4,953	972
Animal Control	2,700	2,700	2,214	486
Total Public Safety	1,090,980	1,090,980	1,082,118	8,862
Dull Va Mandan				
Public Works: Street Department	555,470	555,470	523,004	32,466
•	22,000	22,000	14,450	7,550
Sanitation				,
Airport Total Public Works	79,910 657,380	79,910 657,380	146,398 683,852	(66,488) (26,472)
Total Fability Volks	007,000	007,000	000,002	(20,472)
Culture and Recreation:	005.405	005.405	040.040	10.700
Parks	225,135	225,135	212,343	12,792
Library	174,400	174,400	166,660	7,740
Pool	82,475	82,475	79,365	3,110
Total Parks Department	482,010	482,010	458,368	23,642
Capital Outlay	631,246	524,024	415,339	108,685
Total Expenditures	3,330,242	3,223,020	3,070,390	152,630
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(638,081)	(280,859)	40,195	321,054
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer In	652,864	267,864	245,000	(22,864)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	652,864	267,864	245,000	(22,864)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 14,783	\$ (12,995)	285,195	\$ 298,190
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			2,545,483	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 2,830,678	



CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

ASSETS	Electric	Water	Liquor	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,126,535	\$ 784,211	\$ 837,537	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	Ψ 4,120,000	127,535	Ψ 001,001	
Restricted Cash and Investments	_	121,000	_	
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance	644,659	97,118	27,019	
Special Assessments Receivable:	011,000	195,354	21,010	
Due from Other Funds	1,517,328	-	_	
Interfund Advance	21,708	_	_	
Inventory	523,134	29,318	157,833	
Total Current Assets	6,833,364	1,233,536	1,022,389	
LONG-TERM ASSETS				
Capital Assets:				
Land, Buildings, Infrastructure and Improvements	8,863,544	7,561,315	363,436	
Equipment	2,555,805	2,953,488	82,093	
Total Capital Assets	11,419,349	10,514,803	445,529	
Less: Allowance for Depreciation	(7,799,361)	(5,317,374)	(285,149)	
Total Net Capital Assets	3,619,988	5,197,429	160,380	
Total Long-Term Assets	3,619,988	5,197,429	160,380	
Total Assets	10,453,352	6,430,965	1,182,769	
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts and Contracts Payable	392,243	4,512	69,276	
Accrued Expenses	15,409	45,189	4,547	
Due to Other Funds	15,405	45,165	4,547	
Accrued Interest	_	26,236	_	
Unearned Revenue	90,956	20,200	_	
Bonds Payable - Current Portion	-	459,100	_	
Total Current Liabilities	498,608	535,037	73,823	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Compensated Absences - Long-Term	105,760	37,357	27,267	
Bonds Payable - Long-Term	-	2,510,418	-	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	105,760	2,547,775	27,267	
rotal Esting Form Elabilities	100,700	2,011,110		
Total Liabilities	604,368	3,082,812	101,090	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,619,988	2,659,892	160,380	
Unrestricted	6,228,996	688,261	921,299	
Total Net Position	\$ 9,848,984	\$ 3,348,153	\$ 1,081,679	

C	ντηε	er
Pro	prie	tary

_		Proprietary	-		
Sewer	Telecom	Funds	Total		
\$ 957,286	\$ -	\$ 366,670	\$ 7,072,239		
121,110	_	-	248,645		
, <u>-</u>	405,863	_	405,863		
168,300	439,230	4,533	1,380,859		
89,027	400,200	4,000	284,381		
09,021		-			
-	-	-	1,517,328		
-	-		21,708		
	38,218		748,503		
1,335,723	883,311	371,203	11,679,526		
11,119,743	4,983,156	3,964,495	36,855,689		
1,480,531	5,583,413	683,194	13,338,524		
12,600,274	10,566,569	4,647,689	50,194,213		
(4,783,849)		(2,644,387)	(27,838,907)		
7,816,425	3,557,782	2,003,302	22,355,306		
7.040.405	0.557.700	0.000.000	00.055.000		
7,816,425	3,557,782	2,003,302	22,355,306		
9,152,148	4,441,093	2,374,505	34,034,832		
9,455	133,747	11,262	620,495		
43,248	42,047	8,644	159,084		
-	1,517,328	-	1,517,328		
43,179	-	224	69,639		
· -	175,927	6,344	273,227		
303,860	445,000	17,734	1,225,694		
399,742	2,314,049	44,208	3,865,467		
555,172	2,517,070	77,200	0,000,407		
66 600	400 E00	70.760	440.060		
66,608	102,506	73,762	413,260		
3,822,768	10,068,596	857,909	17,259,691		
3,889,376	10,171,102	931,671	17,672,951_		
4,289,118	12,485,151	975,879	21,538,418		
4,037,353	(6,955,814)	1,127,659	4,649,458		
825,677	(1,088,244)	270,967	7,846,956		
\$ 4,863,030	\$ (8,044,058)	\$ 1,398,626	\$ 12,496,414		
- 1,500,000	Ψ (0,011,000)	1,000,020	¥ 12, 100, 111		

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Electric	Water	Liquor
OPERATING REVENUES			
Sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,686,879
Costs of Goods Sold		-	(1,177,103)
Charges for Services	5,814,821	1,141,794	-
Charges for Materials and Labor	-	3,883	-
Facility Use/Other Revenue		- 4 4 4 5 0 7 7	
Total Gross Profit and Operating Revenues	5,814,821	1,145,677	509,776
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Cost of Power	4,009,726	-	-
Personal Services	469,404	263,215	189,050
Supplies, Services, Rent and Maintenance	530,768	253,783	78,572
Depreciation and Amortization	470,610	337,070	17,880
Other Operating Expense		12,870	
Total Operating Expenses	5,480,508	866,938	285,502
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	334,313	278,739	224,274
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	39,807	2,972	3,779
Investment Earnings (Loss)	(12,225)	(1,340)	(1,163)
Interest Expense	-	(70,384)	-
Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets	1,900	10,000	-
Taxes and Special Assessments	-	33,219	-
Contributions and Reimbursements			
Total Other Income (Expense)	29,482	(25,533)	2,616
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	363,795	253,206	226,890
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS			
Transfers Out	(175,000)	(17,812)	(70,000)
Total Contributions and Transfers	(175,000)	(17,812)	(70,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	188,795	235,394	156,890
Net Position - Beginning of Year	9,660,189	3,112,759	924,789
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,848,984	\$ 3,348,153	\$ 1,081,679

0		Talasam	F	Other Proprietary	Tatal
	sewer	 Telecom		Funds	 Total
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,686,879
	-	-		-	(1,177,103)
ĺ	1,244,950	2,704,717		-	10,906,282
	-	-		-	3,883
	<u>-</u> 1,244,950	 2,704,717		309,131	 309,131
	1,244,950	2,704,717		309,131	11,729,072
	-	-		_	4,009,726
	327,919	541,210		329,954	2,120,752
	446,636	1,218,838		249,773	2,778,370
	351,612	755,855		121,454	2,054,481
	-	-		-	12,870
	1,126,167	2,515,903		701,181	10,976,199
	118,783	188,814		(392,050)	752,873
	4,121	1,512		837	53,028
	(1,673)	-		(305)	(16,706)
	(107,893)	(352,992)		(10,769)	(542,038)
	10,000	-		-	21,900
	27,289	-		414,990	475,498
	-	230		14,144	14,374
	(68,156)	(351,250)		418,897	6,056
	50,627	(162,436)		26,847	758,929
	(20,086)	-		-	(282,898)
	(20,086)			-	(282,898)
	30,541	 (162,436)		26,847	476,031
	1,832,489	 (7,881,622)		1,371,779	 12,020,383
\$ 4	1,863,030	\$ (8,044,058)	\$	1,398,626	\$ 12,496,414

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

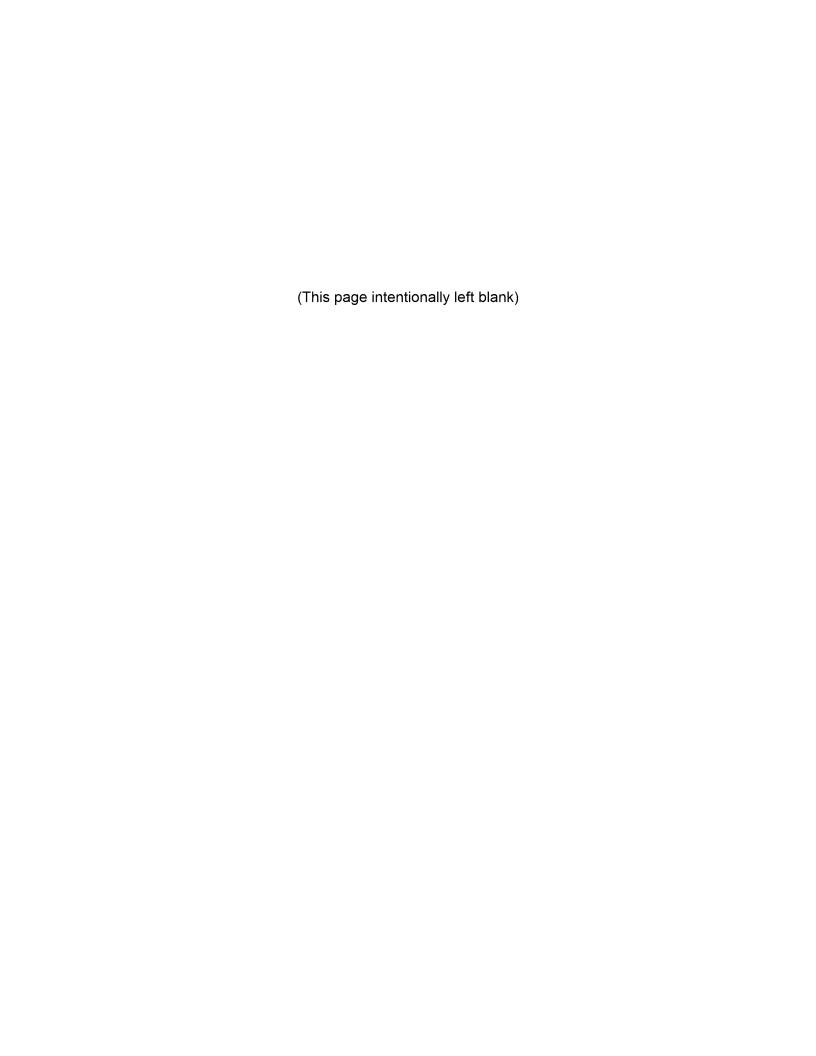
	Electric		Water		Liquor	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash Received from Customers and Service Users	\$	5,790,990	\$	1,150,415	\$	1,673,487
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(4,483,910)		(307,149)		(1,274,945)
Cash Paid to Employees		(479,951)		(261,128)		(185,026)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		827,129		582,138		213,516
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers (In) Out		(175,000)		(17,812)		(70,000)
Interfund Advance		9,996		-		-
Due to Other Funds		(7,965)		-		-
Property Tax Revenues		_		33,219		-
Miscellaneous Revenues		-		-		-
Payments from Escrow Account		-		20,372		-
Intergovernmental Revenues		-		-		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(172,969)		35,779		(70,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from Bonds		-		230,000		-
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(347,147)		(384,933)		(63,778)
Interest Paid on Revenue Bonds		-		(76,917)		-
Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes				(408,767)		
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(347,147)		(640,617)		(63,778)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment Income (Loss)		27,582		1,632		2,616
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		1,900		10,000		-
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		29,482		11,632		2,616
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		336,495		(11,068)		82,354
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		3,790,040		795,279		755,183
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	4,126,535	\$	784,211	\$	837,537

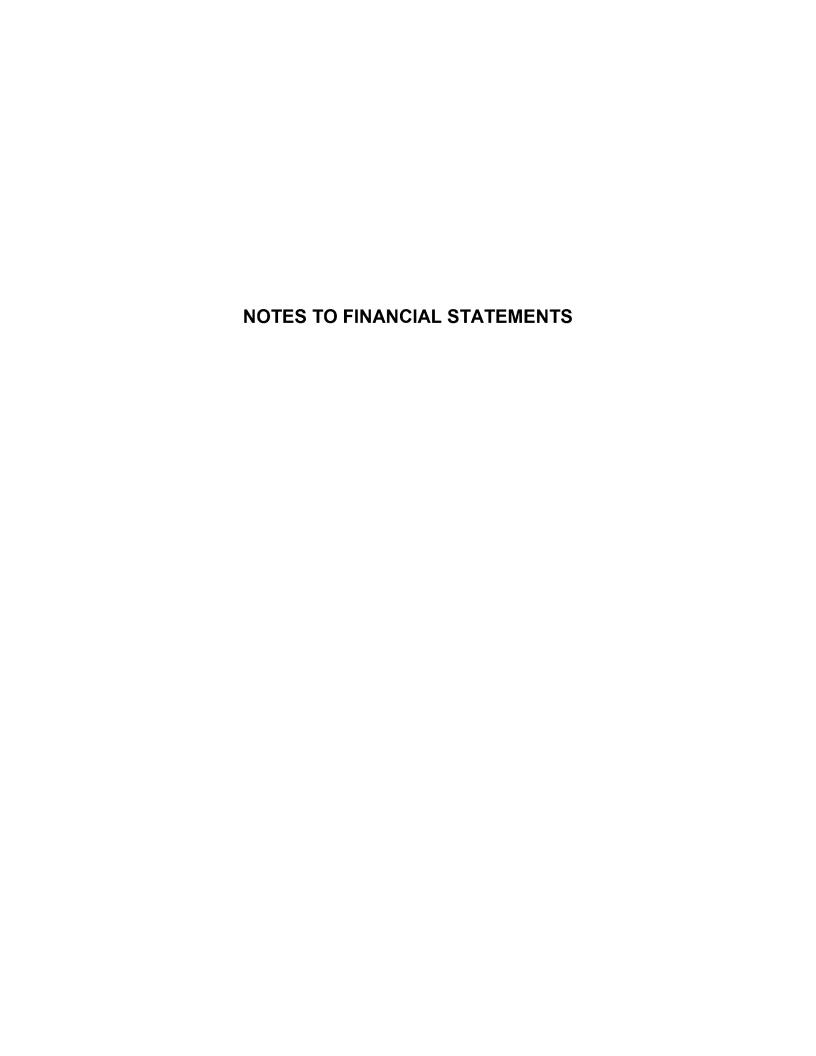
Sewer	Telecom	Prop	Other rietary Funds	 Total
\$ 1,282,014 (450,975) (326,164) 504.875	\$ 2,695,577 (1,205,703) (536,269) 953,605	\$	306,692 (248,330) (327,364) (269,002)	\$ 12,899,175 (7,971,012) (2,115,902) 2,812,261
304,073	333,003		(200,002)	2,012,201
(20,086)	-		-	(282,898) 9,996
-	- 7,965		-	9,996
34,029	-		414,990	482,238
· -	-		14,144	14,144
8,162	(1,512)		-	27,022
-	230		-	230
22,105	6,683		429,134	250,732
_	_		_	230,000
(75,246)	(173,808)		(23,218)	(1,068,130)
(113,252)	(352,992)		(8,231)	(551,392)
 (274,274)	 (435,000)		(16,784)	 (1,134,825)
(462,772)	(961,800)		(48,233)	(2,524,347)
2,448	1,512		534	36,324
10,000	· -		-	21,900
12,448	1,512		534	58,224
76,656			112,433	596,870
 880,630			254,237	6,475,369
\$ 957,286	\$ _	\$	366,670	\$ 7,072,239

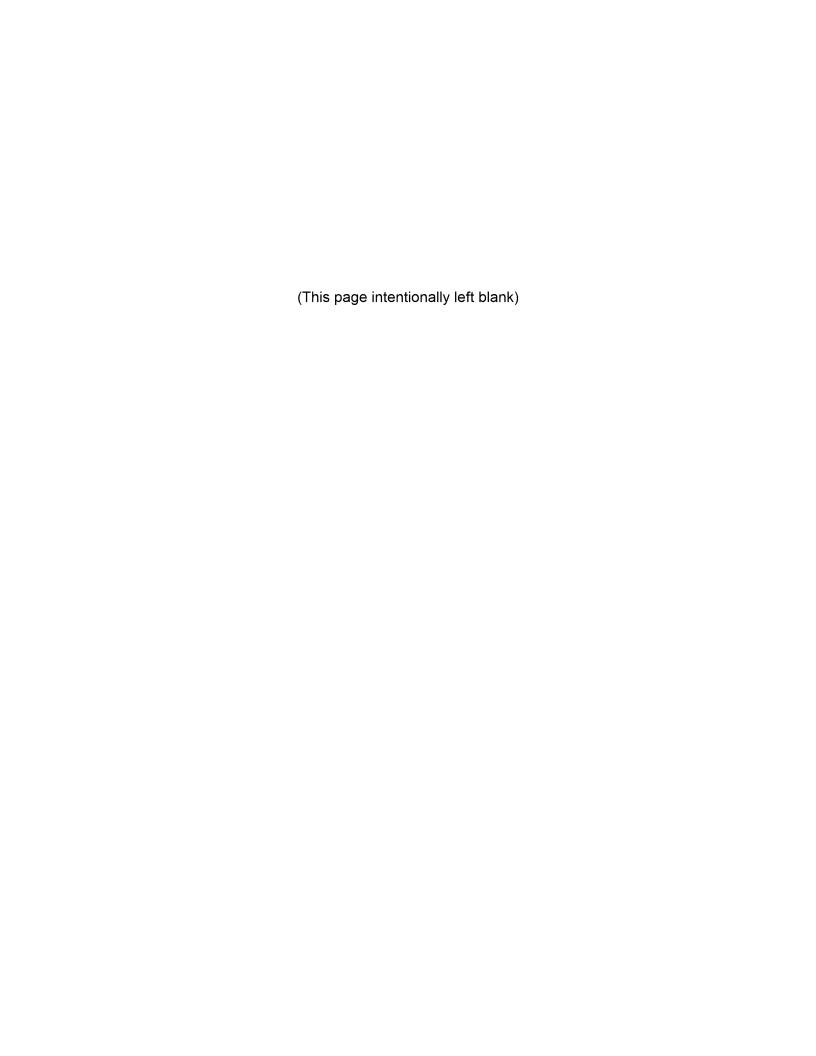
CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET		Electric		Water		Liquor	
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	224 242	•	070 700	•	004.074	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	334,313	\$	278,739	\$	224,274	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash							
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:							
Depreciation and Amortization		470,610		337,070		17,880	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:							
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(22,581)		4,738		(13,392)	
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory		26,248		(646)		(258)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts and Contracts Payable		30,336		(32,934)		(19,012)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses		(13,083)		(6,916)		859	
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments		-		-		-	
Increase in Unearned Revenue		(1,250)		-		-	
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences		2,536		2,087		3,165	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	827,129	\$	582,138	\$	213,516	

 Sewer			Other pietary Funds_	Total	
\$ 118,783	\$	188,814	\$	(392,050)	\$ 752,873
351,612		755,855		121,454	2,054,481
37,064		(11,638)		(3,583)	(9,392)
-		-		-	25,344
(4,339)		11,217		1,443	(13,289)
(3,004)		1.918		2,275	(17,951)
		1,896			1,896
_		2,498		1,144	2,392
4,759		3,045		315	15,907
\$ 504,875	\$	953,605	\$	(269,002)	\$ 2,812,261







NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Windom, located in Cottonwood County in Minnesota, conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant policies.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Windom and its component unit. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component include whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's board, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally dependent upon by the potential component unit.

The Economic Development Authority (EDA) of Windom is an entity legally separate from the City. However, for financial reporting purposes, the EDA is reported as if it were part of the City's operations (blended component unit) because the EDA provides services primarily to the City of Windom and the City Council appoints the EDA's board members.

The Housing and Redevelopment Authority of Windom, Minnesota (HRA) is an entity legally separate from the City. The HRA is responsible for administering affordable housing programs for eligible individuals and families in Windom. The City's officials are responsible for appointing members to the HRA's board of commissioners, but the City's accountability for the HRA does not extend beyond making the appointments. The HRA is therefore not considered to be a part of the City's financial reporting entity.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted net position; and (3) unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

1. Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the City's governmental activities and different business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category, governmental and proprietary, are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Economic Development Fund

The Economic Development Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the growth and development of commercial, residential, industrial concerns, and tax increment financing activity in the City. Revenues for the Economic Development Fund are generated primarily from bond proceeds, local property taxes, state aid and grants, and rental income.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Electric Fund

The Electric Fund accounts for customer electric service charges that are used to finance electric operating expenses.

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for customer water service charges that are used to finance water operating expenses.

Liquor Fund

The Liquor Fund accounts for customer sales that are used to finance liquor store operating expenses and provide funds for general operations of the City.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund accounts for customer sewer service charges that are used to finance sewer operating expenses.

Telecom Fund

The Telecom Fund accounts for the operation of a broadband communications system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. The City considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for these funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriation budgets are adopted in the General Fund. Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets (Continued)

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, and the final tax levy and budget are adopted.
- 3. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that increase the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and some enterprise funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the capital projects and debt service funds.
- 5. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts presented are as originally adopted, and final as amended.
- E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balances

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investment balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in certificates of deposits and other allowable investments. Earnings from investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

The City provides temporary advances to funds that have insufficient cash balances by means of an advance from another fund shown as interfund receivables in the advancing fund in the governmental fund financial statements, and an interfund payable in the fund with the deficit, until adequate resources are received. These interfund payables are eliminated for statement of net position presentation.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Short-term highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptances and U.S. Treasury and Agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Other investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflow of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

2. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent

At December 31, 2014, cash and investments with a fiscal agent consisted of US Treasury time deposits held by US Bank for the purpose of refunding the General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2007B maturing in the years of 2016 through 2023 (See Note 4). These assets are sufficient to meet the debt service on the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A through the February 1, 2015 call date on the General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2007B.

3. Restricted Cash and Investments

At December 31, 2014, restricted cash and investments consisted of Minnesota Municipal Money Market held by 4M Plus Fund. These assets are for a debt service reserve fund required under a bond agreement.

4. Property Tax Revenue Recognition

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December of each year, and are certified to the County Auditor for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. Such taxes become a lien on property on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Real property taxes may be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing entities three times a year.

Within the governmental fund financial statements, the City recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Taxes which remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as delinquent and are not recognized as revenue in the governmental fund financial statements because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the City in January is fully offset by unavailable revenue in the governmental funds because it is not available to finance current expenditures. No allowances for uncollectible taxes have been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material. Property tax revenue in governmental activities is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

5. Special Assessment Revenue Recognition

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with state statutes. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term of years usually consistent with the term of the related bond issue. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County Auditor in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to (and often do) prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

5. Special Assessment Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Within the fund financial statements, the revenue from special assessments is recognized by the City when it becomes measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. In practice, current and delinquent special assessments received by the City are recognized as revenue for the current year. Special assessments are collected by the County and remitted by December 31 (remitted to the City the following January) and are also recognized as revenue for the current year. All remaining delinquent, deferred and special deferred assessments receivable in governmental funds are completely offset by unavailable revenues. Special assessment revenue in governmental activities is susceptible to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

Once a special assessment roll is adopted, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien upon that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the City Council or court action. If special assessments are allowed to go delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale and the first proceeds of that sale (after costs, penalties and expenses of sale) are remitted to the City in payment of delinquent special assessments. Generally, the City will collect the full amount of its special assessments not adjusted by City Council or court action. Pursuant to State Statutes, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homesteaded, agricultural or seasonal recreational land in which event the property is subject to such sale after five years.

6. Utility Billing

The City bills customers monthly for the following utility services: electric, sewer, and water. The City bills and recognizes the electric, sewer, and water services revenue when the meters are read. Telecommunications are also billed monthly.

7 Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates fair value, using the first-in/first out method.

8. Prepaid Expenditures

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments. The prepaid expenditure balances included in the financial statements represent down payments on equipment purchases to be completed in subsequent years.

9. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables are classified as interfund receivables and payables on the governmental fund balance sheets.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

10. Land Held for Resale

These assets are recorded at the lower of original cost or current net realizable value in the governmental fund, which purchased them.

11. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, estimated historical cost, or in the case of contributions, at their estimated fair value at the time received. In the case of the initial capitalization of infrastructure, the City retroactively implemented the reporting of this item when GASB 34 was implemented. The City uses a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are expensed as incurred. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets related to general governmental activities are recorded in the government-wide statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are normally sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for City purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 3 years for Computer Equipment; 5 to 15 years for Office Furnishings, Machinery, and Equipment; 20 to 50 years for Buildings and Other Improvements and Infrastructure. Capital assets not being depreciated include land and construction in progress.

Property, plant and equipment used by proprietary funds are stated at cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the time received.

12. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. The portion of vacation pay and sick pay allowable as severance pay is accrued as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion is calculated based on historical trends.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

13. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issue costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issue costs are recognized during the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as another financing source. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses, respectively. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

14. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The City's governmental activities and proprietary fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, if any. This separate financial statement element reflects a decrease in net position or fund balance, that relate to future periods. The City will not recognize the related outflow until a future event occurs.

15. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The City's governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in fund balance that applies to a future period. The City will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs. The deferred inflow of resources occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the City's year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The city does not have deferred inflows of resources to report in its proprietary fund financial statements in the current year.

16. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses made on behalf of another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All interfund transactions are eliminated except for activity between governmental activities and business-type activities for presentation in the government-wide statements of net position and statements of activities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

17. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable are established when City management believes that some portion of the receivable will not be collected. Management's estimate of the required allowance is based upon historical experience and analysis of receivables on a specific identification basis.

18. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund level statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets is separately reported because the City reports all capital assets which make up a significant portion of total net position. Restricted net position accounts for the portion of net position restricted by parties outside the City. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position not included in the previous two categories.

19. Fund Balance

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable and spendable fund balances. Spendable fund balances include restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form such as inventories and prepaid expenditures, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations approved by the City Council, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the City. Only the City Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has authorized the City Administrator and the Assistant City Administrator to make assignments of resources for a specific purpose.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

19. Fund Balance (Continued)

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it's the City's policy to use restricted fund balance first. For the disbursement of unrestricted fund balances, it is the City's policy to use committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled by the City for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2014, based on market prices. Investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to all funds based on their cash balances each month. In addition, some funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants.

A. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota State Statutes, the City maintains deposits at financial institutions authorized by the City Council. All such depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System. *Minnesota Statutes* require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledge must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes: U.S. government treasury bills, notes, and or bonds; securities issued by a U.S. government agency; general obligations of local governments rated "A" or better; revenue obligations of a state or local governments rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issue by a Federal Home Loan Bank; and time deposits insured by a federal agency. *Minnesota Statutes* require securities pledged as collateral to be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or at an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the depository.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy does not provide additional restrictions beyond Minnesota State Statutes. At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by surety bonds and collateral in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by *Minnesota Statutes* as follows:

- Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies;
- Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company
 Act of 1940 and receives the highest credit rating, is rated in one of the two highest
 rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a
 final maturity of thirteen months or less;
- General obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better;
- General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better;
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System;
- Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing 270 days or less;
- Guaranteed investment contracts guaranteed by United States commercial banks or domestic branches of foreign banks, or United States insurance companies if similar debt obligations of the issuer or the collateral pledged by the issuer is in one of the top two rating categories;
- Repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and security lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.

As of December 31, 2014, the City had the following investments:

External Investment Pools -

Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund

Amortized Cost \$3,385,076

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund (4M) is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the same regulatory rules of the SEC under Rule 2a-7. The fair value of the presentation in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Other Investments -

Investment	Fair Value
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$ 14,222
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	240,108
Coporate Bond	2,000
US Treasury State and Local Government Time Deposits	840,464
	\$ 1,096,794

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Туре	Total	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More than 60 Months
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit:	\$ 7,829,526	\$ 5,233,803	\$ 842,325	\$ 1,749,398	\$ 4,000
Federal National Mortgage Association	14,222	-	=	-	14,222
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	240,108	-	-	240,108	-
Coporate Bond	2,000	-	-	-	2,000
US Treasury State and Local Government Time Deposits	840,464	840,464	-	-	-
Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund	3,385,076	3,385,076	-	-	-
Total	\$ 12,311,396	\$ 9,459,343	\$ 842,325	\$ 1,989,506	\$ 20,222

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fultill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The 4M Fund is not rated.

Investment	Rating
Federal National Mortgage Association	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Aaa
US Treasury State and Local Government Time Deposits	Aaa
Coporate Bond	Aaa

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Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested with any one issuer or depository. The following is a list of investments which individually comprise more than 5% of the City's total investments:

Investment	Amount	Percent
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$ 240,108	21.89%

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – For an investment, this is that risk that, in the event of a failure by the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that all balances are insured or collateralized with each investment account.

The deposits and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

Cash Money Market Accounts Negotiable Certificates of Deposits Investments	\$ 1,335,522 3,385,076 7,829,526 1,096,794
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 13,646,918
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent Restricted Cash and Investments Total Cash and Investments	\$ 12,400,591 840,464 405,863 \$ 13,646,918

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 227,061	\$ 5,900	\$ -	\$ 232,961
Construction in Progress	1,406,291		(1,406,291)	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	1,633,352	5,900	(1,406,291)	232,961
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	8,797,164	273,780	-	9,070,944
Office Equipment and Furniture	55,622	40,296		95,918
Machinery and Equipment	6,744,462	363,175	-	7,107,637
Infrastructure	13,888,287	1,417,957	-	15,306,244
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	29,485,535	2,095,208	-	31,580,743
Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	(1,573,104)	(229,405)	-	(1,802,509)
Office Equipment and Furniture	(11,419)	(9,653)		(21,072)
Machinery and Equipment	(5,935,753)	(124,459)		(6,060,212)
Infrastructure	(7,665,563)	(400,393)	-	(8,065,956)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(15,185,839)	(763,910)	-	(15,949,749)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	14,299,696	1,331,298		15,630,994
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 15,933,048	\$ 1,337,198	\$ (1,406,291)	\$ 15,863,955

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to Governmental Functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 316,057
Public Safety	115,784
Public Works	251,426
Parks, Culture and Recreation	13,011
Community Development	67,632
Total Depreciation Expense,	

Governmental Activities \$ 763,910

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 169,920	\$ 78,504	\$ -	\$ 248,424
Construction in Progress	67,810		(67,810)	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	237,730	78,504	(67,810)	248,424
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	35,934,387	689,882	(17,004)	36,607,265
Office Equipment and Furniture	489,052	49,461	(29,736)	508,777
Machinery and Shop Equipment	12,693,767	318,092	(182,112)	12,829,747
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	49,117,206	1,057,435	(228,852)	49,945,789
Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	(16,646,086)	(1,258,544)	17,004	(17,887,626)
Office Equipment and Furniture	(384,447)	(14,920)	29,736	(369,631)
Machinery and Shop Equipment	(8,977,598)	(786, 164)	182,112	(9,581,650)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(26,008,131)	(2,059,628)	228,852	(27,838,907)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	23,109,075	(1,002,193)		22,106,882
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 23,346,805	\$ (923,689)	\$ (67,810)	\$ 22,355,306

Depreciation expense was charged to Business-Type Activities as follows:

Business-Type Activities:

Dusiness-Type Activities.	
Electric Fund	\$ 470,610
Water Fund	339,247
Liquor Fund	17,880
Sewer Fund	356,897
Telecom Fund	753,540
Arena Fund	31,639
Multi-Purpose Fund	61,733
River Bluff Townhomes	28,082
Total Depreciation Expense,	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,059,628

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS

City indebtedness at December 31, 2014 is composed of the following:

Description		Initial Amount Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	С	outstanding Principal
Description		issueu	Date	Rate		Filicipal
General Obligation Bonds:						
Governmental Activities:						
GO Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A	\$	713,000	2018	3.70-4.15%	\$	266,000
GO Improvement Bonds, Series 2007B		970,000	2023	3.75-4.30%		645,000
GO Improvement Bonds, Series 2009A		1,510,000	2025	2.00-4.25%		1,180,000
GO Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2011B		795,000	2019	0.50-1.85%		580,000
GO Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A		980,000	2023	0.55-2.20%		925,000
GO Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A		2,590,000	2034	2.00-3.50%		2,590,000
GO Equipment Bonds, Series 2013B		615,000	2023	0.70-1.90%		615,000
Total Governmental Activities - G.O. Bonds		8,173,000				6,801,000
Business-Type Activities:						
GO Improvement & Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A		227,000	2016	3.75-4.05%		69,000
GO Temporary Equipment Certificates, Series 2007B		410,000	2023	3.75-4.30%		275,000
GO Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A		660,000	2023	0.55-2.20%		605,000
GO Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A		1,810,000	2034	2.00-3.50%		1,810,000
Total Business-Type Activities - G.O. Bonds		3,107,000				2,759,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	11,280,000			\$	9,560,000

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Description	Initial Amount Issued		Maturity Date	Net Interest Rate	Outstanding Principal	
Note Payable:						
Governmental Activities:	•	050.000	0040	2.009/	•	404.454
Street Shop - League of Minnesota Cities Economic Development - Fulda Area Credit Union	\$	250,000 442,098	2016 2016	3.00% 4.40%	\$	104,454 360,049
,			2010	4.40 /6		
Total Notes Payable		692,098				464,503
Business-Type Activities:						
River Bluff Townhomes - Bank of the West		488,847	2031	2.01%		362,645
River Bluff Townhomes - MHFA		353,305	2031	0.00%		353,305
River Bluff Townhomes - GMHF		180,000	2031	0.00%		129,693
River Bluff Townhomes - PM Windom		15,000	2015	0.00%		15,000
River Bluff Townhomes - Toro Foundation		15,000	2015	0.00%		15,000
Water Purchase - Red Rock Rural Water System		230,000	2023	0.00%		199,333
		1,282,152				1,074,976
Total Note Payable	\$	1,974,250			\$	1,539,479
General Obligation Revenue Bonds: Business-Type Activities:						
Communication System Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B	\$	11,205,000	2032	3.00-3.63%	\$	10,550,000
GO Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, 2011A - Water	•	3,090,000	2029	1.00-4.00%	•	3,055,000
GO Sewer Revenue Bonds, 1994		3,886,970	2015	2.71%		247,960
GO Revenue Bonds, 1999		3,151,838	2018	2.57%		317,440
GO Water Revenue Bonds, 1999		1,319,714	2019	2.29%		402,000
Total Business-Type Activities Revenue Bonds	\$	22,653,522			\$	14,572,400

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of changes in City indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Beginning		al aliti a a		_4:	End of	Oue within
0 1 1 4 17 77	 of Year	A	dditions		etirements	 Year	 One Year
Governmental Activities:							
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,205,291	\$		_\$_	404,291	\$ 6,801,000	\$ 591,000
Bond Subtotal	7,205,291		-		404,291	6,801,000	591,000
Bond Premium	80,040		-		5,085	74,955	-
Net Bond Subtotal	7,285,331		-		409,376	6,875,955	591,000
Note Payable	538,364		-		73,861	464,503	76,434
Compensated Absences	252,585		62,845		89,113	226,317	-
Total Governmental Activities	8,076,280		62,845		572,350	7,566,775	667,434
Business-Type Activities:							
General Obligation Bonds	2,873,000		-		114,000	2,759,000	189,000
General Obligation Revenue Bonds	15,545,774		_		973,374	14,572,400	995,960
Bond Subtotal	18,418,774		-		1,087,374	17,331,400	1,184,960
Bond Premium	122,875		-		7,462	115,413	-
Bond Discount	(38,720)		-		(2,316)	(36,404)	-
Net Bond Subtotal	18,502,929		-		1,092,520	17,410,409	1,184,960
Notes Payable	889,872		230,000		44,896	1,074,976	40,734
Compensated Absences	397,353		182,270		166,363	413,260	-
Total Business-Type Activities	19,790,154		412,270		1,303,779	18,898,645	1,225,694
Total Debt	\$ 27,866,434	\$	475,115	\$	1,876,129	\$ 26,465,420	\$ 1,893,128

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire long-term debt, not including compensated absences payable are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
		Long-Term	n Dek	ot		
Years		Principal		Interest		Totals
2015	\$	667,434	\$	183,733	\$	851,167
2016		1,073,069		159,362		1,232,431
2017		640,000		137,753		777,753
2018		640,000		123,608		763,608
2019		605,000		109,235		714,235
2020-2024		2,290,000		344,716		2,634,716
2025-2029		930,000		122,981		1,052,981
2030-2034		420,000		35,550		455,550
Totals	\$	7,265,503	\$	1,216,938	\$	8,482,441

	Business-Type Activities					
		Long-Terr	n Deb	ot		
Years		Principal		Interest		Totals
2015	\$	1,225,694	\$	514,133	\$	1,739,827
2016		1,041,533		483,462		1,524,995
2017		1,006,461		458,089		1,464,550
2018		998,836		434,761		1,433,597
2019		1,082,554		410,350		1,492,904
2020-2024		4,760,097		1,675,547		6,435,644
2025-2029		4,997,881		935,817		5,933,698
2030-2034		3,293,320		169,197		3,462,517
Totals	\$	18,406,376	\$	5,081,356	\$	23,487,732

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of December 31, 2014, including interest of \$6,298,294 are as follows:

Year	 Amount
2015	\$ 2,590,994
2016	2,757,426
2017	2,242,303
2018	2,197,205
2019	2,207,139
2020-2024	9,070,360
2025-2029	6,986,679
2030-2034	3,918,067
Total	\$ 31,970,173

NOTE 4 CITY INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

In 2012, the City issued \$1,640,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Series 2012A) for a crossover refunding of the Series 2005A General Obligation Bonds maturing in 2014 through 2021 and of the Series 2007B General Obligation Improvement Bonds maturing in 2016 through 2023. Refunding bond proceeds for the crossover refunding of Series 2005A were placed in an escrow account to be liquidated on the crossover refunding date of February 1, 2013. The total cash flow savings to the City attributable to the refunding of these bonds is \$59,001 with a net present value of approximately \$54,068. Refunding bond proceeds for the crossover refunding of Series 2007B were placed in an escrow account to be liquidated on the crossover refunding date of February 1, 2015.

As of December 31, 2014, the City had funds held with an escrow agent for the repayment of 2007B General Obligation Improvement Bonds, with an outstanding balance of \$1,005,000. The fair value of funds held with escrow at December 31, 2014 was \$840,464.

NOTE 5 PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City of Windom are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF) and the Public Employee Police and Fire Fund, (PEPFF) which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 353 and 356.

GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. All police officers, firefighters and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the PEPFF.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute, and vest after three years of credited service. The retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

NOTE 5 PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE (CONTINUED)

1. Plan Description (Continued)

Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7% for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7% of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For PEPFF members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0% for each year of service. The annuity accrual rate is 1.9% for each year of service for PECF members. For all PEPFF members and GERF members hired prior to July 1, 1989 whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus vears of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for PEPFF members and 65 for Basic and Coordinated members hired prior to July 1, 1989. Normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66 for coordinated members hired on or after July 1, 1989. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

There are different types of annuities available to members upon retirement. A single-life annuity is a life time annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. There are also various types of joint and survivor annuity options available which will be payable over joint lives. Members may also leave their contributions in the fund upon termination of public service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at any time to members who leave public service, but before retirement benefits begin.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees, who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GERF and PEPFF. That report may be obtained on the web at www.mnpera.org, by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive #200, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-2088 or by calling (651) 296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

NOTE 5 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATEWIDE (CONTINUED)

2. Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. The City makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. GERF Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.25%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2014. PEPFF members were required to contribute 10.2% of their annual covered salary in 2014. The City of Windom is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll: 11.78% for GERF Basic Plan members, 7.25% for GERF Coordinated Plan members, and 15.3% for PEPFF members. The City's contributions to the Public Employees Retirement Fund for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$170,298, \$165,817, and \$168,736, respectively. The City's contributions to the Public Employees Police & Fire Fund for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$77,187, \$67,428, and \$62,695, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

B. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

Ambulance service personnel of the City of Windom are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The PEDCP is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2 percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of one percent of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City of Windom during fiscal year 2014 were:

	Contribution	on Amo	ount	Percentage of C	Jovered Payroll	Required
E	Employee	Er	nployer	Employee	Employer	Rates
\$	7,465	\$	7,464	5.1%	5.1%	5.1%

NOTE 6 STEWARDSHIP AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts in the following funds:

	Budget		 Actual	
Special Revenue Funds:			 _	
Economic Development Fund	\$	454,253	\$ 524,830	

Expenditures exceeded budget because there was excess consulting, engineering services and site improvements not budgeted in the Economic Development Fund.

B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

The City has deficit fund balances/net position at December 31, 2014 as follows:

Governmental Funds: 4th Ave Improvement Bond Fund 2006A Refunding Bond Fund	\$ (71,974) (234,917)
Proprietary Funds:	
Telecom	(8,044,058)
River Bluff Townhomes	(121,127)

The City intends to fund these deficits through future tax levies, special assessment levies, tax increments, charges for services, transfers from other funds, and various other sources.

NOTE 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A. Due To/From Other Funds

Individual fund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Fund	Re	nterfund ceivables Due from her Funds	F	nterfund Payables Due to ther Funds	Description
General Fund Other Governmental Funds Proprietary Funds:	\$	453,684 -	\$	- 453,684	Eliminate Deficit Cash Eliminate Deficit Cash
Electric Fund Telecom Fund		1,517,328 <u>-</u>		- 1,517,328	Eliminate Deficit Cash Eliminate Deficit Cash
Total Due To/From	\$	1,971,012	\$	1,971,012	

All of the Due From/Due to Other Funds balances are expected to be repaid in the following year.

NOTE 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Fund	 ances To ner Funds	 Advances From Other Funds		
Economic Development Fund	\$ _	\$ 21,708		
Proprietary Funds:				
Electric Fund	 21,708	 		
Total Advances	\$ 21,708	\$ 21,708		

The advance in the amount of \$21,708 represents expenses to make improvements to the spec building incurred by the Economic Development Fund payable to the Electric Fund.

C. Transfers

Transfers between funds during 2014 are as follows:

	Transfer In		Tra	Transfer Out	
Major Governmental Funds		_			
General Fund	\$	245,000	\$	-	
Economic Development Fund		-		31,005	
2013 Street Capital Project Fund					
Nonmajor Governmental Funds					
Debt Service Funds:					
2006A Refunding Bond Fund		31,005		-	
2009 Street Improvement Bond Fund		37,898		-	
Major Enterprise Funds					
Water Utility		-		17,812	
Sewer Utility		-		20,086	
Electric Utility		-		175,000	
Liquor				70,000	
Total	\$	313,903	\$	313,903	

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Workers compensation coverage is provided through a pooled self-insurance program through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT). The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT. The City is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through Workers Compensation Reinsurance Association (WCRA) as required by law. For workers compensation, the City is not subject to a deductible. The City's workers compensation coverage is a premium option. With this type of coverage, final premiums are based on an experience modification factor that is adjusted annually based on three years of historically data.

Property and casualty insurance is provided through a pooled self-insurance program through the LMCIT. The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT. The City is subject to supplemental assessments if deemed necessary by the LMCIT. The LMCIT reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of various amounts. The City retains risk for the deductible portion of the insurance policies and for any exclusion from the insurance policies. These amounts are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including disability and employee health insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The City has issued gross revenue bonds for the purpose of providing capital financing to a private enterprise. Even though the debt bears the City's name, the City is not responsible for the payment of the original debt. The debt is secured by the payments agreed to be paid by the private enterprise under the terms of the agreement between the City and the enterprise. The general description of the transaction and the outstanding balance a December 31, 2014, is as follows:

		Balance at			
Enterprise	Purpose	Dece	December 31, 2014		
Windom Area Hospital	Construction of Facility	\$	5,600,000		

NOTE 10 FUND BALANCE

At December 31, 2014, the City had various fund balances restricted, or assigned through legal restriction and City Council authorization. Major fund balance appropriations at December 31, 2014 are shown on the various balance sheets as segregations of fund balance. The fund balances are as follows:

	General Fund	Economic Development Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds Total
Nonspendable				
Inventory	\$ 47,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,956
Prepaid Expenses	190,571	-	-	190,571
Land Held for Resale				
Total Nonspendable	238,527	-	-	238,527
Restricted				
Debt Service	_	-	1,353,699	1,353,699
Donations for Fire, Well and Park	70,597	-	-	70,597
Tax Increment Funding	-	431,331	-	431,331
Capital Projects			234,947	234,947
Total Restricted	70,597	431,331	1,588,646	2,090,574
Assigned				
Ambulance	-	-	1,424,791	1,424,791
Economic Development	-	1,075,858	-	1,075,858
Library	64,127	-	-	64,127
Pool	40,374	-	-	40,374
Capital Projects	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	287,993	287,993
Total Assigned	104,501	1,075,858	1,712,784	2,893,143
Unassigned	2,417,053		(306,891)	2,110,162
Total Fund Balance	\$ 2,830,678	\$ 1,507,189	\$ 2,994,539	\$ 7,332,406

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Federal and State Funds

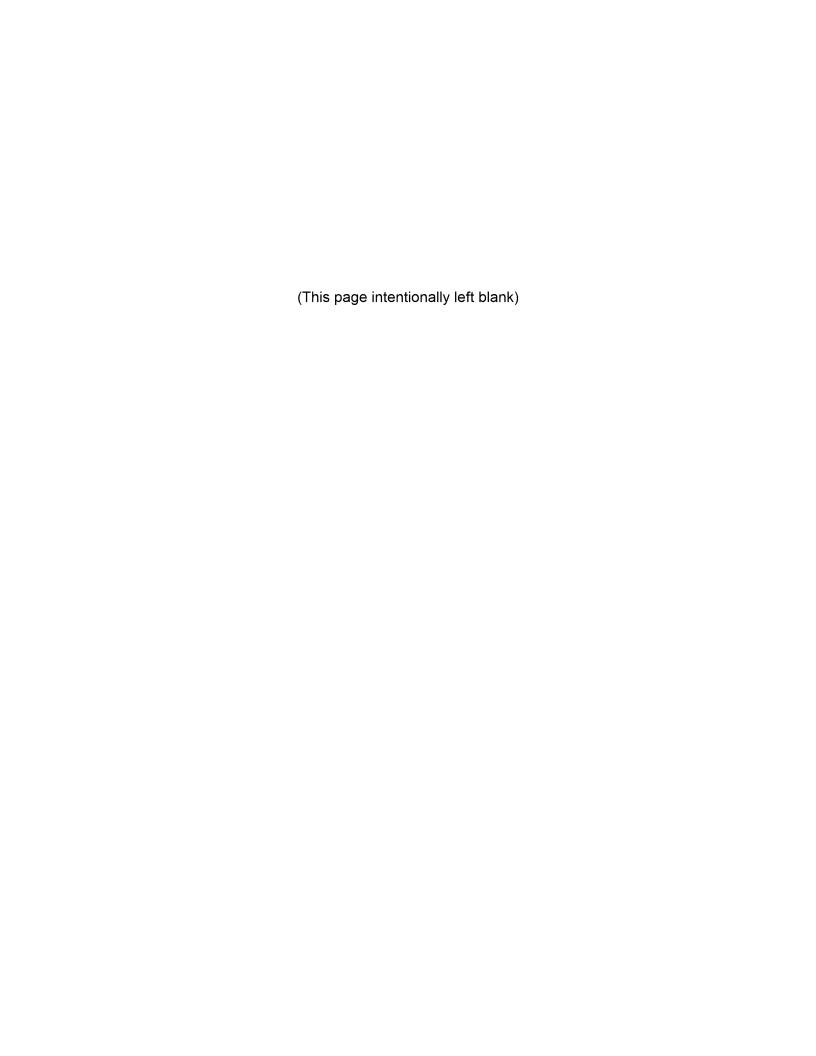
The City receives financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management is not aware of any disallowed claims at this time.

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

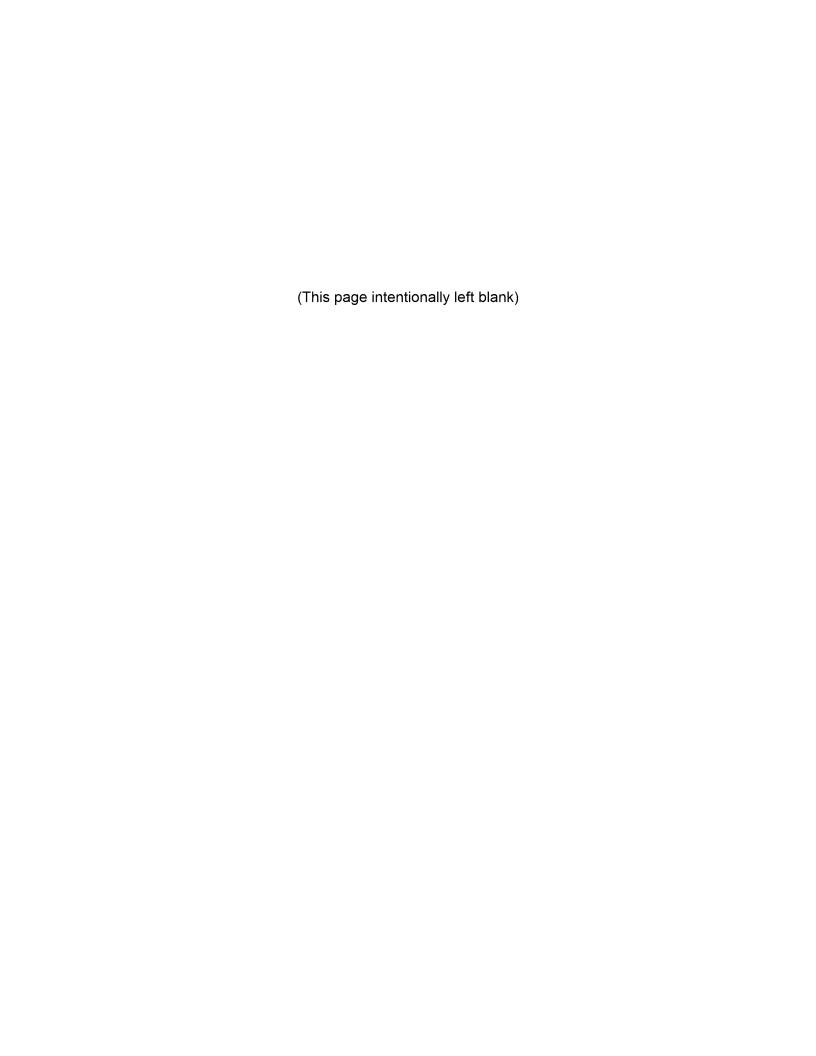
B. Electric Power Purchase Agreement

Under its wholesale power agreement with Western Area Power Administration (WAPA), the city is committed to purchase a portion of its electric power and energysubject to Exhibit A, Contracted Rate of Delivery (CROD) effective through December 31, 2050, unless otherwise terminated.

Under its wholesale power agreement with the Central Minnesota Municipal Power Agency (CMMP A), its Market Participant Agreement and Agreement for Additional Services, the city is committed to purchase the remaining portion of its electric power and energy through CMMP A unless otherwise terminated.







COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Special Revenue Fund		Pi	Capital ojects Fund	Debt Service F			Funds	
	Ambulance Fund			2013 Street Capital Project Fund		4th Ave Improvement Bond Fund		2006 A efunding ond Fund	
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	\$	1,274,661	\$	577,535	\$	882	\$	-	
Accounts Receivable Special assessments receivable		162,450 		54,665 791,872		36 2,198		50,055	
Total Assets	\$	1,437,111	\$	1,424,072	\$	3,116	\$	50,055	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) LIABILITIES Accounts and Contracts Payable Other Accrued Liabilities	\$	7,204 5,116	\$	2,884 106,376	\$	- -	\$	- -	
Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities		12,320		109,260		72,892 72,892		234,917 234,917	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u>-</u>		791,872 791,872		2,198 2,198	_	50,055 50,055	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		- 1,424,791 - 1,424,791		234,947 287,993 - 522,940		(71,974) (71,974)		(234,917) (234,917)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	1,437,111	\$	1,424,072	_\$_	3,116		50,055	

			Debt Serv						
200	7 Street	20	09 Street	GC) Special	2003			
Impi	rovement	Imp	provement	As	sessment	Imp	rovement		2014
Boı	nd Fund	Bo	ond Fund	Bo	Bond Fund		Bond Fund		Total
•		•	170 001	•	054074	•	04045	•	. 7.47.000
\$	-	\$	176,001	\$	654,271	\$	64,815	\$ 2	2,747,283
	590,674		-		263		- 040		591,819
	317		162.012		124		248	,	217,840
	101,898		162,912		47,677				1,156,612
\$	692,889	\$	338,913	\$ 702,335		\$	65,063	\$ 4	1 ,713,554
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	10,088
	_		_		_		_		111,492
	145,875		_						
	145,875				_		_		453,684
	140,070				-		-		453,684 575,264
	145,675		-		-		-		
	,		-		-		-		575,264
	101,898		162,912		34,816		<u>-</u> -		575,264 1,143,751
	,		162,912 162,912		34,816 34,816		- - - -		575,264
	101,898	_					- - - -		575,264 1,143,751
	101,898 101,898		162,912		34,816	_			575,264 1,143,751 1,143,751
	101,898						65,063		575,264 1,143,751 1,143,751 1,588,646
	101,898 101,898		162,912		34,816		65,063		575,264 1,143,751 1,143,751 1,588,646 1,712,784
	101,898 101,898 445,116		162,912 176,001 -		34,816 667,519 - -		<u> </u>		575,264 1,143,751 1,143,751 1,588,646 1,712,784 (306,891)
_	101,898 101,898		162,912		34,816		65,063 - 65,063		575,264 1,143,751 1,143,751 1,588,646 1,712,784

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund 2013 Street	Debt Sen	vice Funds
	Ambulance Fund	Capital Project Fund	Improvement Bond Fund	2006 A Refunding Bond Fund
REVENUE		0.4.000	0 40.000	0 47.007
General Property Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 94,283	\$ 43,300	\$ 17,607
Special assessments	_	94,019	16,966	56,062
Charges for Services	513,278	J 4 ,015	10,500	50,002
Interest Income	7,983	150	_	_
Investment Earnings (Loss)	(2,344)		-	_
Grants and Contributions	23,235	-	_	_
Total Revenue	542,152	187,907	60,266	73,669
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Safety	315,243		-	-
Public Works	-	51,948	-	495
Capital Outlay:				
Public Safety	271,593	-	-	-
Public Works	-	2,902	-	-
Debt Service: Principal			42,350	86,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	70,557	42,330 2,845	12,515
Total Expenditures	586,836	125,407	45,195	99,010
Total Experiorures	300,030	125,407	45,195	99,010
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(44,684)	62,500	15,071	(25,341)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				04.005
Transfer In	-	-	-	31,005
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	10,000			24.005
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000	· <u> </u>		31,005
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(34,684)	62,500	15,071	5,664
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	1,459,475	460,440	(87,045)	(240,581)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,424,791	\$ 522,940	\$ (71,974)	\$ (234,917)

			Debt Serv	rice Fu	ınds				
Imp	7 Street rovement and Fund	Imp	09 Street provement and Fund	GO Special Assessment Bond Fund		2003 Improvement Bond Fund		2014 Total	
\$	43,891	\$	56,606	\$	42,442	\$	44,111	\$	342,240
	23,338		24,781		15,305		27,318		257,789 513,278
	2,624 - -		- - -		88 (491) -		- -		10,845 (3,380) 23,235
	69,853		81,387		57,344		71,429		1,144,007
	-		-		-		-		315,243
	1,000		449		450		450		54,792
	-		-		-		-		271,593
	=		=		=		-		2,902
	60,000		85,000		20,941		110,000		404,291
	37,223		45,683		7,132		8,338		184,293
	98,223		131,132		28,523		118,788		1,233,114
	(28,370)		(49,745)		28,821		(47,359)		(89,107)
	-		37,898		-		-		68,903 10,000
	-		37,898		-				78,903
	(28,370)		(11,847)		28,821		(47,359)		(10,204)
	473,486		187,848		638,698		112,422		3,004,743

 \$ 445,116
 \$ 176,001
 \$ 667,519
 \$ 65,063
 \$ 2,994,539

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

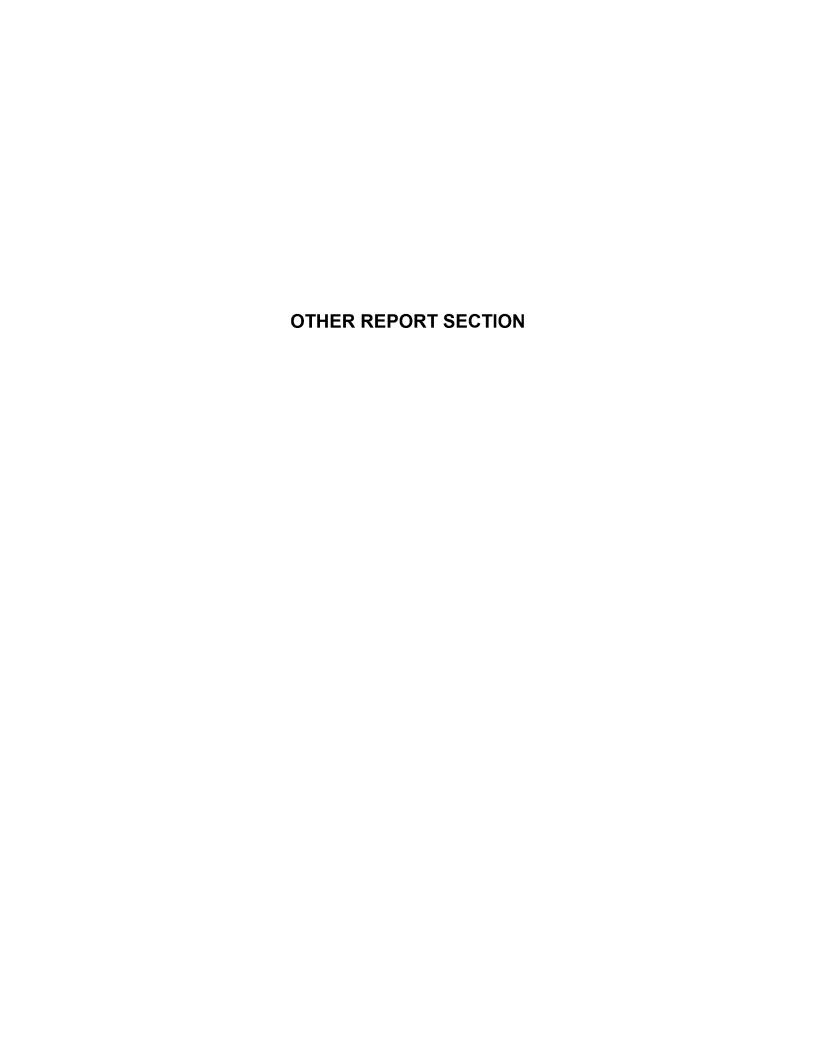
ASSETS	Arena Fund	Multi-Purpose Center Fund	River Bluff Townhomes	Totals 2014
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 138,683	\$ 163,340	\$ 64,647	\$ 366,670
Accounts Receivable	989	3,544		4,533
Total Current Assets	139,672	166,884	64,647	371,203
Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	902,781	1,938,426	1,123,288	3,964,495
Machinery and Equipment	413,912	269,282		683,194
Total Capital Assets	1,316,693	2,207,708	1,123,288	4,647,689
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,214,824)	(1,003,832)	(425,731)	(2,644,387)
Net Capital Assets	101,869	1,203,876	697,557	2,003,302
Total Assets	241,541	1,370,760	762,204	2,374,505
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	5,460	3,232	2,570	11,262
Accrued Salaries and Fringes	3,537	4,014	-	7,551
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	224	224
Other Accrued Liabilities	1,093	-	_	1,093
Unearned Revenue	-	1,450	4,894	6,344
Current Portion of Bonds Payable			17,734	17,734
Total Current Liabilities	10,090	8,696	25,422	44,208
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated Absences	38,428	35,334	_	73,762
Bonds Payable - Long-Term	-	-	857,909	857,909
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	38,428	35,334	857,909	931,671
Total Liabilities	48,518	44,030	883,331	975,879
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	101,869	1,203,876	(178,086)	1,127,659
Unrestricted	91,154	122,854	56,959	270,967
Total Net Position	\$ 193,023	\$ 1,326,730	\$ (121,127)	\$ 1,398,626

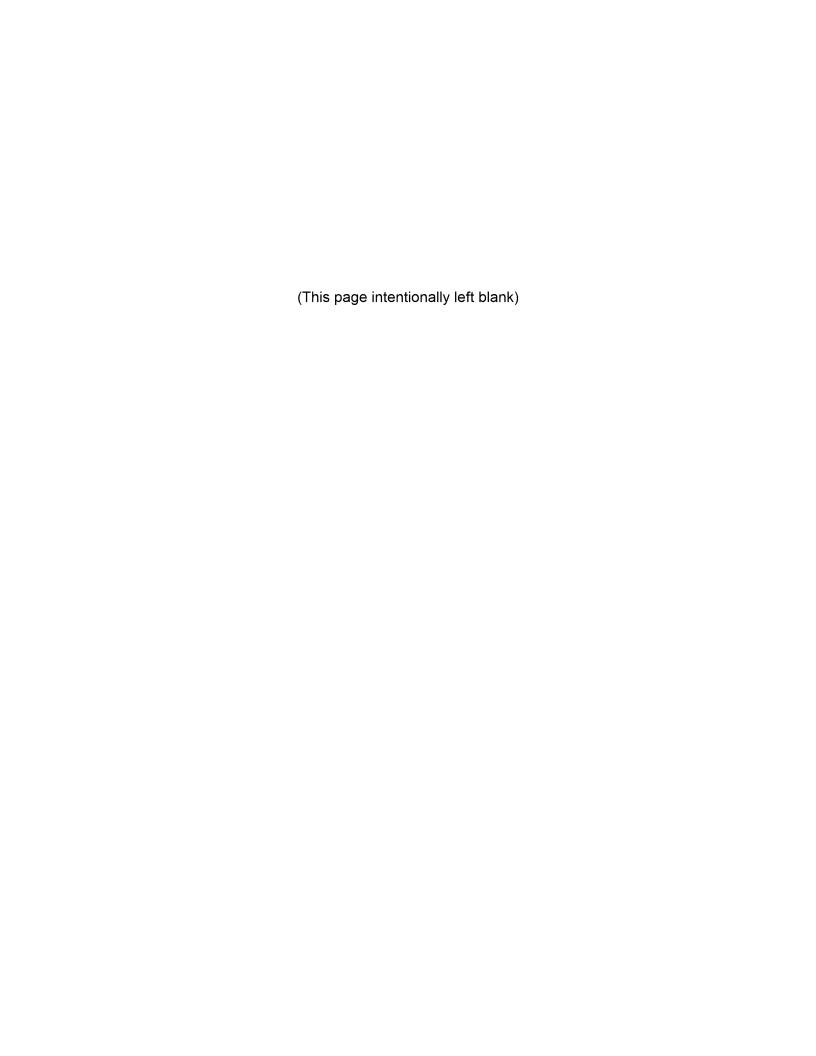
CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

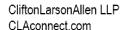
		Arena Fund	Multi-Purpose Center Fund		River Bluff Townhomes		Totals 2014
OPERATING REVENUE							
Facility Use/Other Revenue	\$	139,776	\$	82,566	\$	86,789	\$ 309,131
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal Services		146,584		183,370		-	329,954
Supplies, Repairs, Services and Rents		133,174		69,809		46,790	249,773
Depreciation and Amortization		31,639		61,733		28,082	 121,454
Total Operating Expenses	311,397		314,912		74,872		701,181
OPERATING INCOME		(171,621)		(232,346)		11,917	(392,050)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)							
Taxes and Special Assessments		170,120		244,870		-	414,990
Contributions and Reimbursements		-		14,144		-	14,144
Interest Income		384		453		-	837
Investment Earnings		(119)		(186)		-	(305)
Interest Expense						(10,769)	 (10,769)
Total Other Income (Expense)		170,385		259,281		(10,769)	418,897
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,236)		26,935		1,148	26,847
Net Position - Beginning of Year		194,259		1,299,795		(122,275)	 1,371,779
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	193,023	\$	1,326,730	\$	(121,127)	\$ 1,398,626

CITY OF WINDOM, MINNESOTA NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Arena Fund	М	ulti-Purpose Fund	2014 iver Bluff wnhomes	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash Received from Customers and Service Users	\$ 139,737	\$	80,472	\$ 86,483	\$ 306,692
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(132,696)		(68,844)	(46,790)	(248,330)
Cash Paid to Employees	(146,871)		(180,493)	-	(327,364)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	 (139,830)		(168,865)	39,693	(269,002)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Property Tax Revenues	170,120		244,870	-	414,990
Miscellaneous Revenues	 		14,144	 -	 14,144
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	170,120		259,014	-	429,134
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(23,218)		-	-	(23,218)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt	-		-	(8,231)	(8,231)
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	-		-	(16,784)	(16,784)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(23,218)		-	(25,015)	(48,233)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment Income (Loss)	265		269	-	 534
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 265		269	-	 534
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	7,337		90,418	14,678	112,433
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 131,346		72,922	 49,969	 254,237
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 138,683	\$	163,340	\$ 64,647	\$ 366,670
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (171,621)	\$	(232,346)	\$ 11,917	\$ (392,050)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation	31,639		61,733	28,082	121,454
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(39)		(3,544)	-	(3,583)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts and Contracts Payable	478		965	-	1,443
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	1,548		727	-	2,275
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	-		1,450	(306)	1,144
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences	 (1,835)		2,150	 -	 315
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (139,830)	\$	(168,865)	\$ 39,693	\$ (269,002)









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Windom Windom, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Windom (the City), Minnesota, as of December 31, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated April 24, 2015.

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions covers seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, tax increment financing, and miscellaneous provisions. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Windom, Minnesota failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to *Minnesota Statutes* §6.65. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City of Windom, Minnesota's noncompliance with the above-referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Austin, Minnesota April 24, 2015



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